

Corporate Office



June 12, 2007

Securities and Exchange Commission Judiciary Plaza 450-5th Street, NW Washington, DC 20549

Canadian Utilities Limited
File No.: 82-34744
Exemption Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)



Dear Sir or Madam:

Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, enclosed is a copy of the following:

- News Release dated May 9, 2007, Normal Course Issuer Bid
- Report of Voting Results
- Notice of Intention to make a Normal Course Issuer Bid
- Report Pursuant to Section 189.1.3 of the Securities Regulation (QC) Pursuant to a normal Course Issuer Bid

As required pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b), the exemption number appears in the upper right-hand corner of each unbound page and of the first page of each bound document.

Please indicate your receipt of the enclosed by stamping the enclosed copy of this letter and returning it to the sender in the enclosed self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Regards,

Jodene Dutnall

Administrative Assistant

Corporate Secretarial Department

ATCO Ltd. and Canadian Utilities Limited

Enclosure(s)

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ATCO LTD. & CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED



News Release

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Corporate Head Office: 1400, 909 - 11 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6 Tel: (403) 292-7500

For Immediate Release May 9, 2007

Canadian Utilities Limited Normal Course Issuer Bid

CALGARY, Alberta – Canadian Utilities Limited (the "Corporation") has filed a Notice of Intention to Make a Normal Course Issuer Bid (the "Notice") with the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") pursuant to which the Corporation indicated that it intends to make a normal course issuer bid for certain of its outstanding Class A non-voting shares on the terms set forth in the Notice. At the time of filing the Notice, the Board of Directors of the Corporation was of the belief, and continues to be of the belief, that the purchase of the Class A Shares from time to time at appropriate prices will minimize any dilution resulting from the exercise of stock options to purchase Class A Shares and is an advantageous use of the Corporation's funds.

On May 9, 2007, 81,525,886 Class A Shares were outstanding. Under the rules of the Exchange, in the period commencing on May 23, 2007 and ending on May 22, 2008, the Corporation may acquire up to 4,076,294 Class A Shares of the Corporation, being 5% of the Class A Shares outstanding as at May 9, 2007. If market conditions permit, the directors of the Corporation presently anticipate that the Corporation will acquire up to 4,076,294 Class A Shares, which represents the full 5% of the Class A Shares outstanding as at May 9, 2007 that may be purchased pursuant to the Notice.

Any shares purchased pursuant to the Notice will be cancelled. Shares will be purchased at the market price of the shares at the time of purchase and will be purchased on behalf of the Corporation by a registered investment dealer through the facilities of the Exchange. The funding for any purchase of Class A Shares pursuant to the normal course issuer bid will be financed out of working capital of the Corporation.

The Corporation has purchased 1,679,700 Class A Shares at an average trading price of \$39.75 during the 12 month period preceding the date hereof pursuant to a normal course issuer bid which commenced on May 23, 2006 and expires on May 22, 2007. All of such purchases were made by means of open market transactions through the facilities of the Exchange. If market conditions permit, the Corporation intends to purchase additional Class A Shares through the facilities of the Exchange at the market price of such shares at the time of the purchase pursuant to the normal course issuer bid that will expire on May 22, 2007.

A copy of the Notice may be obtained by any shareholder without charge, by contacting the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation at the head office of the Corporation.

Canadian Utilities Limited is part of the ATCO Group of Companies (www.atco.com). Canadian Utilities Limited is a Canadian based worldwide organization of companies with assets of approximately \$7.1 billion and more than 6,000 employees, actively engaged in three main business divisions: Power Generation; Utilities (natural gas and electricity transmission and distribution) and Global Enterprises, with companies active in technology, logistics and energy services. More information about Canadian Utilities Limited can be found on its website www.canadian-utilities.com.

For further information, please contact: K.M. (Karen) Watson Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer Canadian Utilities Limited (403) 292-7502

Forward-Looking Information:

Certain statements contained in this news release may constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "plan", "expect", "may", "will", "intend", "should", and similar expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Corporation believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements should not be unduly reflect upon.

The Corporation's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of regulatory decisions, competitive factors in the industries in which the Corporation operates, prevailing economic conditions, and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Corporation. Due to the nature of the Corporation's operations, quantity revenues and earnings are not necessarily indicative of annual results.

1400, 909 –11th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6 Tel (403) 292-7500 Fax (403) 292-7623

FILE NO. 82-34744

Canadian Utilities Limited (the "Corporation")

Annual Meeting of Shareholders

May 3, 2007

REPORT OF VOTING RESULTS

National Instrument 51-102 - Continuous Disclosure Obligations (Section 11.3)

1. Election of Directors

By a resolution passed via a show of hands, the following 13 nominees proposed by management were elected as Directors of the Corporation to hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until their successors are elected or appointed:

- R. T. Booth
- W. L. Britton
- L. M. Charlton
- B. P. Drummond
- B. K. French
- L. A. Heathcott
- H. M. Neldner
- M. R. P. Rayfield
- J. W. Simpson
- N. C. Southern
- R. D. Southern
- R. J. Urwin
- C. W. Wilson

Proxies were received on this matter as follows:

| Votes For | % Votes For | Votes Withheld | % Votes Withheld |
|------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| 33,902,503 | 95.40 | 1,634,048 | 4.60 |

2. Appointment of Auditor

By a resolution passed via a show of hands, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Chartered Accountants, were re-appointed as auditor of the Corporation to hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders. Proxies were received on this matter as follows:

| Votes For | % Votes For | Votes Withheld | % Votes Withheld |
|------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| 35,535,837 | 99.995 | 1,714 | 0.005 |

3. Amendment to the Stock Option Plan

By a resolution passed via a show of hands, the Corporation's Stock Option Plan was amended, as described in the Management Proxy Circular, subject to receiving all required approvals from the Toronto Stock Exchange. Proxies were received on this matter as follows:

| Votes For | % Votes For | Votes Against | % Votes Against |
|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 35,288,424 | 99.30 | 247,157 | 0.70 |

[P. Spruin]P. SpruinCorporate Secretary

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO MAKE A NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

In accordance with the policy statement of The Toronto Stock Exchange (the "Exchange"), notification is hereby given that Canadian Utilities Limited (the "Corporation") intends to make a normal course issuer bid for certain of its outstanding Class A non-voting shares (the "Class A Shares") on the terms set forth in this Notice. The issued and outstanding Class A Shares are listed on the Exchange under the trading symbol "CU".

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Canadian Utilities Limited is the parent company of a group of subsidiaries engaged in electric power generation, transmission and distribution in Canada, the United Kingdom and Australia; natural gas gathering, processing, transmission, storage and distribution; and site services and facilities management.

The principal business office of the Corporation is located at 1400, 909 - 11th Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6.

SHARES SOUGHT

On May 9, 2007, there were 81,525,886 Class A Shares issued and outstanding. Under the rules of the Exchange, in the 12 months ending May 22, 2008 the Corporation may acquire up to 4,076,294 Class A Shares, being 5% of the Class A Shares outstanding as at May 9, 2007. If market conditions permit, the directors of the Corporation presently anticipate that the Corporation will acquire up to 4,076,294 Class A Shares, which represents the full 5% of the Class A Shares outstanding on May 9, 2007 that may be purchased pursuant to this Notice.

EQUITY AND VOTING SECURITIES

The Corporation has voting and non-voting securities outstanding. The Class A Shares are non-voting shares and the Class B common shares of the Corporation (the "Class B Shares") carry one vote per share in all circumstances. Each Class B Share may be converted to one Class A Share at the shareholder's option.

If a take-over bid is made for the Class B Shares which would result in the offeror owning more than 50% of the outstanding Class B Shares and which would constitute a change in control of the Corporation, holders of Class A Shares are entitled, for the duration of the bid, to exchange their Class A Shares for Class B Shares and to tender such Class B shares pursuant to the terms of the take-over bid. Such right of exchange is conditional upon the completion of the take-over bid giving rise to the right of exchange, and if the take-over bid is not completed, then the right of exchange shall be deemed never to have existed. In addition, holders of the Class A Shares are entitled to exchange their shares for Class B Shares of the Corporation if ATCO Ltd., the present controlling shareholder of the Corporation, ceases to own or control, directly or indirectly, more than 10,000,000 of the issued and outstanding Class B Shares of the Corporation. In either case, each Class A Share is exchangeable for one Class B Share, subject to changes in the exchange ratio for certain events, such as a stock split or rights offering. The Class A and Class B Shares rank equally in all other respects.

DURATION OF PURCHASES

The Corporation may begin to purchase Class A Shares pursuant to this Notice on May 23, 2007. Under the rules of the Exchange, purchases made pursuant to this Notice may not extend for a period of more than one year and, accordingly, such purchases must terminate on May 22, 2008 or on such earlier date as the maximum number of Class A Shares available for purchase hereunder have been purchased.

METHOD OF ACQUISITION

Purchases of Class A Shares pursuant to this Notice will be effected through the facilities of the Exchange. The Corporation does not presently intend to purchase Class A Shares other than by means of open market transactions during the period that the normal course issuer bid is outstanding. Any Class A Shares purchased pursuant to this Notice will be cancelled.

CONSIDERATION

Purchases of Class A Shares pursuant to this Notice will be made at such times and in such numbers as may be determined by the Corporation. The price paid by the Corporation for any Class A Shares purchased by it pursuant to this Notice will be the market price of the shares at the time of purchase. The purchase of and payment for the shares purchased by the Corporation will be effected in accordance with the policies and rules of the Exchange.

The Corporation presently intends to fund the purchase of Class A Shares pursuant to the normal course issuer bid from its working capital. Except as herein mentioned, there are no restrictions on the normal course issuer bid.

REASONS FOR THE NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

In authorizing the normal course issuer bid for Class A Shares, the board of directors of the Corporation has been motivated by its desire to minimize any dilution to shareholders resulting from the exercise of stock options to purchase Class A Shares and by its belief that the purchase of Class A Shares from time to time at appropriate prices is an advantageous use of the Corporation's funds. These purchases benefit shareholders who continue to hold Class A Shares and Class B Shares, in that their equity interest in the Corporation's assets is increased.

The Corporation has determined to purchase only Class A Shares. There are no outstanding stock options to purchase Class B Shares and, accordingly, there will be no corresponding dilution to Class B Shareholders, within their class, resulting from the exercise of stock options to purchase Class A Shares. Class B Shareholders wishing to participate in the normal course issuer bid may convert their Class B Shares into Class A Shares pursuant to the terms of the Class B Shares.

VALUATIONS

To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Corporation, after reasonable inquiry, no appraisal or valuation has been prepared within the past two years regarding the Corporation, its material assets or securities.

PREVIOUS PURCHASES

The Corporation purchased 1,679,700 Class A Shares at an average trading price of \$39.75 during the 12-month period preceding the date hereof pursuant to a normal course issuer bid which commenced on May 23, 2006 and expires on May 22, 2007. All of such purchases were made by means of open market transactions through the facilities of the Exchange. If market conditions permit, the Corporation intends to purchase additional Class A Shares through the facilities of the Exchange at the market price of such shares at the time of the purchase pursuant to the normal course issuer bid that will expire on May 22, 2007.

ACCEPTANCE BY INSIDERS, AFFILIATES AND ASSOCIATES

Nancy C. Southern has advised the Corporation that she may sell shares of the Corporation during the course of the bid. Such sales are anticipated to be made in connection with the exercise of stock options during the course of the bid and are not expected to be in an amount that would be material to the Corporation.

PERSONS ACTING JOINTLY OR IN CONCERT WITH THE CORPORATION

No person is acting jointly or in concert with the Corporation in connection with this normal course issuer bid.

MATERIAL CHANGES

There are no material changes in the business or affairs of the Corporation that have not previously been disclosed nor are there plans or proposals for material changes.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, a senior officer of the Corporation duly authorized by the Corporation's board of directors, certifies that this Notice is complete and accurate and in compliance with Part 6 of the Rules of the Exchange and Policy Statement 6-501 on Normal Course Issuer Bids of the Exchange. This Notice contains no untrue statement of a material fact and does not omit to state a material fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in the light of the circumstances in which it is made.

Dated this 9th day of May, 2007.

Per: (signed) "K.M. Watson"

K. M. (Karen) Watson Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED (the "Corporation")

Report Pursuant to Section 189.1.3 of the Securities Regulation (Quebec)

1. Name and Address of Offeree Corporation

Canadian Utilities Limited 1400 ATCO Centre 909 - 11 Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6

2. Name and Address of Offeror

Canadian Utilities Limited 1400 ATCO Centre 909 - 11 Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6

3. Designation of Securities Subject to the Bid

Canadian Utilities Limited (the "Corporation") has filed notice with the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") relating to the repurchase by the Corporation of certain of its outstanding Class A Shares (CUSIP #136717-83-2) pursuant to a normal course issuer bid to be undertaken pursuant to the rules and bylaws of the Exchange.

4. Date of the Bid

The Corporation is eligible to commence purchases of its outstanding Class A Shares under the normal course issuer bid on May 23, 2007 pursuant to the Notice of Intention to Make a Normal Course Issuer Bid filed by the Corporation with the Exchange on May 9, 2007.

5. Maximum Number of Securities of the Class Subject to the Bid Which are Sought By the Offeror

The Corporation is eligible to acquire up to 4,076,294 Class A Shares during the 12 month period commencing May 23, 2007 and ending on May 22, 2008.

6. Value of Consideration Offered for Security

The closing price of the Class A Shares on the Exchange on May 10, 2007 (being the last trading day prior to the date of this Notice) was \$46.46.

7. Fee Payable In Respect of the Bid

 $0.02\% \times 25\% \times 4,076,294 \times $46.46 = $9,469.23$

Dated at Calgary, Alberta this 11th day of May, 2007.

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Signed: "K. M. Watson"

K. M. (Karen) Watson Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer



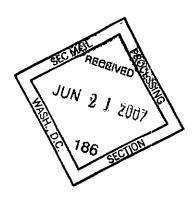
Corporate Office

Telephone: (403) 292-7547 Fax: (403) 292-7623 email: jodene.dutnall@atco.com

June 12, 2007

Securities and Exchange Commission Judiciary Plaza 450-5th Street, NW Washington, DC 20549

Canadian Utilities Limited
File No.: 82-34744
Exemption Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)



Dear Sir or Madam:

Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, enclosed is a copy of the following:

- News Release dated April 13, 2007, Redemption of Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S
- News Release dated April 18, 2007, Redemption of cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S
- News Release dated May 3, 2007, Canadian Utilities Limited Announces Increase to Quarterly Dividend

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Please indicate your receipt of the enclosed by stamping the enclosed copy of this letter and returning it to the sender in the enclosed self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Regards,

Jodene Dutnall

Administrative Assistant

Corporate Secretarial Department

ATCO Ltd. and Canadian Utilities Limited

Enclosure(s)

ATCO

years

2007

FILE NO. 82-34744



News Release

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Corporate Head Office: 1400, 909 - 11 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6 Tel: (403) 292-7500

For Immediate Release April 13, 2007

Canadian Utilities Limited Announces Redemption of Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S

CALGARY, Alberta – Canadian Utilities Limited announced today that it will redeem on May 18, 2007 all of its outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S at a price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends per share, subject to the successful closing on April 18, 2007 of the CU Inc. issue of \$115,000,000 4.60% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares Series 1.

| | Shares | | TSX Stock | |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Series | Rate | Outstanding | Symbol | Dividend Per Share (\$) |
| Series Q | 5.90% | 2,277,675 | CU.PR.T | 0.3152 |
| Series R | 5.30% | 2,146,730 | CU.FR.V | 0.2832 |
| Series S | 6.60% | 635,700 | CU.PR.D | 0.3526 |
| | Series Q Series R | Series Q 5.90% Series R 5.30% | Series Rate Outstanding Series Q 5.90% 2,277,675 Series R 5.30% 2,146,730 | Series Rate Outstanding Symbol Series Q 5.90% 2,277,675 CU.PR.T Series R 5.30% 2,146,730 CU.FR.V |

Canadian Utilities Limited is a Canadian based worldwide organization of companies with assets of approximately \$7.0 billion and more than 6,000 employees, actively engaged in three main business divisions: Power Generation; Utilities (natural gas and electricity transmission and distribution) and Global Enterprises, with companies active in technology, togistics and energy services. More information about Canadian Utilities Limited can be found on its website www.canadian-utilities.com.

For further information, please contact:

K.M. (Karen) WatsonSenior Vice President & Chief Financial OfficerCanadian Utilities Limited(403) 292-7502

Forward-Looking Information:

Certain statements contained in this news release may constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "plan", "expect", "may", "will", "intend", "should", and similar expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Corporation believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon.

The Corporation's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of regulatory decisions, competitive factors in the industries in which the Corporation operates, prevailing economic conditions, and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Corporation.



News Release

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Corporate Head Office: 1400, 909 - 11 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6 Tel: (403) 292-7500

For Immediate Release April 18, 2007

Canadian Utilities Limited Announces Redemption of Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S

CALGARY, Alberta – Canadian Utilities Limited announced today that, as a result of the successful closing of the CU Inc. issue of \$115,000,000 4.60% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares Series 1, it will redeem on May 18, 2007 all of its outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S at a price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends per share.

| | Shares | | Shares | | |
|---|----------|-------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|
| - | Series | Rate | Outstanding | Symbol | Dividend Per Share (\$) |
| _ | Series Q | 5.90% | 2,277,675 | CU.PR.T | 0.3152 |
| | Series R | 5.30% | 2,146,730 | CU.PR.V | 0.2832 |
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News Release

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Corporate Head Office: 1400, 909 - 11 Avenue S.W., Calgary, Alberta T2R 1N6 Tel: (403) 292-7500

For Immediate Release May 3, 2007

Canadian Utilities Limited Announces Increase to Quarterly Dividend

CALGARY, Alberta – The Board of Directors of Canadian Utilities Limited, an ATCO Company, announced an increase to its second quarter dividend to 31.5 cents per share. The second quarter dividend of 31.5 cents per share will be paid on June 01, 2007, to shareholders of record on May 17, 2007.

The second quarter dividend of 31.5 cents per Class A non-voting and Class B common share (TSX: CU, CU.X) is a 3.3% increase over the 30.5 cents paid in the previous quarter and an 8.6% increase over the 29.0 cents paid in the last quarter of 2006. Canadian Utilities Limited has increased its annual common share dividend each year since its inception as a holding company in 1972.

The Board also declared the following Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Snare Dividends:

| Shares | TSX Stock | Dividend Per | Record Date | Payment Date |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Symbol | Share (\$) | (2007) | (2007) |
| Series W 5.80% | CU.PR.A | 0.362500 | 17-May | 01-Jun |
| Series X 6.00% | CU.PR.B | 0.375000 | 17-May | 01-Jun |

These dividends are eligible dividends for Canadian income tax purposes.

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For further information, please contact:

K.M. (Karen) WatsonSenior Vice President & Chief Financial OfficerCanadian Utilities Limited(403) 292-7502

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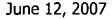
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Corporate Office

Telephone: (403) 292-7547 Fax: (403) 292-7623

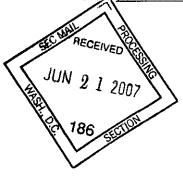
jodene.dutnall@atco.com



Securities and Exchange Commission Judiciary Plaza 450-5th Street, NW Washington, DC 20549

> **Canadian Utilities Limited** File No.: 82-34744

Exemption Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)



Dear Sir or Madam:

Pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, enclosed is a copy of the following:

- Form 52-109FT2 Certification of Interim Filings by President and CEO
- Form 52-109FT2 Certification of Interim Filings by Senior Vice President and CFO
- Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007
- Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007
- Interim Report for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007
- Press Release dated April 18, 2007 Release First Quarter Results Wednesday, April 25, 2007
- Press Release dated April 25, 2007 Canadian Utilities Reports Increased First Quarter **Earnings**

As required pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b), the exemption number appears in the upper right-hand corner of each unbound page and of the first page of each bound document.

Please indicate your receipt of the enclosed by stamping the enclosed copy of this letter and returning it to the sender in the enclosed self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Regards,

Jodene Dutnall

Corporate Secretarial Department

ATCO Ltd. and Canadian Utilities Limited

ATCO 2007

Enclosure(s)

Form 52-109F2 - Certification of Interim Filings

- I, Karen M. Watson, Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer of Canadian Utilities Limited, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) of Canadian Utilities Limited, (the issuer) for the interim period ending March 31, 2007;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings;
- 4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting for the issuer, and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP; and
 - 5. I have caused the issuer to disclose in the interim MD&A any change in the issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the issuer's most recent interim period that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 25, 2007

Original signed by K.M. Watson

Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Form 52-109F2 - Certification of Interim Filings

- I, Nancy C. Southern, President & Chief Executive Officer of Canadian Utilities Limited, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) of Canadian Utilities Limited, (the issuer) for the interim period ending March 31, 2007;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings;
- 4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting for the issuer, and we have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP; and
- 5. I have caused the issuer to disclose in the interim MD&A any change in the issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the issuer's most recent interim period that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 25, 2007

Original signed by N.C. Southern

President & Chief Executive Officer



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS AND RETAINED EARNINGS

(Millions of Canadian Dollars except per share data)

| | | Three Mont March | |
|--|------|---------------------|-----------|
| | Note | 2007 | 2006 |
| | · | (Unaud | lited) |
| Revenues | | \$ 697.6 | \$ 642.0 |
| Costs and expenses | | | |
| Natural gas supply | | 3.1 | 4.7 |
| Purchased power | | 13.8 | 13.0 |
| Operation and maintenance | | 240.6 | 236.1 |
| Selling and administrative | | 42.4 | 43.9 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 91.9 | 87.7 |
| Interest | | 42.6 | 40.9 |
| Interest on non-recourse long term debt | | 12.0 | 12.4 |
| Franchise fees | | 58.5 | 61.9 |
| | | 504.9 | 500.6 |
| | | 192.7 | 141.4 |
| Interest and other income | 5 | 20.2 | 9.1 |
| Earnings before income taxes | | 212.9 | 150.5 |
| Income taxes | | 69.4 | 54.7 |
| | | 143.5 | 95.8 |
| Dividends on equity preferred shares | | 8.8 | 8.9 |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | | 134.7 | 86.9 |
| Retained earnings at beginning of period as restated | 4 | 1,813.3 | 1,721.9 |
| | | 1,948.0 | 1,808.8 |
| Dividends on Class A and Class B shares | | 38.2 | 36.2 |
| Purchase of Class A shares | | | 0.8 |
| Retained earnings at end of period | | \$1,909.8 | \$1,771.8 |
| Earnings per Class A and Class B share | 7 | \$ 1.07 | \$ 0.68 |
| Diluted earnings per Class A and Class B share | 7 | \$ 1.07 | \$ 0.68 |

\$ 0.285

\$ 0.305

Dividends paid per Class A and Class B share

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(Millions of Canadian Dollars)

| | _ | March 31 | | December 31 | |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Note | 2007 | 2006 | 2006 | |
| | | (Unaud | lited) | (Audited) | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Cash and short term investments | 3 | \$ 939.0 | \$ 939.4 | \$ 798.8 | |
| Accounts receivable | | 311.4 | 289.3 | 362.3 | |
| Inventories | | 94.4 | 83.4 | 96.5 | |
| Regulatory assets | | 8.3 | 19.7 | 13.3 | |
| Derivative assets | 8 | 0.1 | - | - | |
| Prepaid expenses | | 22.3 | 19.7 | 23.6 | |
| | | 1,375.5 | 1,351.5 | 1,294.5 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 5,441.9 | 5,209.4 | 5,426.1 | |
| Regulatory assets | | 44.6 | 29.4 | 43.2 | |
| Derivative assets | 8 | 82.2 | • | - | |
| Other assets | • | 201.1 | 253.8 | 229.7 | |
| | | \$7,145.3 | \$6,844.1 | \$6,993.5 | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| LIABILITIES AND SHARE OWNERS' EQUITY | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Bank indebtedness | | \$ 0.4 | \$ - | \$ - | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 343.0 | 300.2 | 338.8 | |
| Income taxes payable | | 34.6 | 33.8 | 22.7 | |
| Future income taxes | | 0.3 | 4.1 | 0.3 | |
| Regulatory liabilities | | 4.8 | 2.6 | 0.5 | |
| Derivative liabilities | 8 | 2.1 | - | _ | |
| Non-recourse long term debt due within one year | 6 | 66.0 | 53.7 | 59.3 | |
| | | 451.2 | 394.4 | 421.6 | |
| Future income taxes | | 199.4 | 199.6 | 194.7 | |
| Regulatory liabilities | | 144.2 | 155.5 | 148.8 | |
| Derivative liabilities | 8 | 4.6 | - | | |
| Deferred credits | 8 | 299.2 | 259.2 | 229.0 | |
| Long term debt | 6 | 2,399.0 | 2,266.5 | 2,411.5 | |
| Non-recourse long term debt | 6 | 586.8 | 658.2 | 626.7 | |
| Non-recourse long term deor | O | 300.0 | 050.2 | 020.7 | |
| Equity preferred shares | | 636.5 | 636.5 | 636.5 | |
| Class A and Class B share owners' equity | | | | | |
| Class A and Class B shares | 7 | 516.6 | 519.8 | 516.0 | |
| Contributed surplus | | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | |
| Retained earnings | | 1,909.8 | 1,771.8 | 1,804.4 | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 9 | (3.4) | (18.2) | 3,1 | |
| | | 2,424.4 | 2,274.2 | 2,324.7 | |
| | | \$7,145.3 | \$6,844.1 | \$6,993.5 | |

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Millions of Canadian Dollars)

Three Months Ended

| | | March | 31 |
|--|------|----------|----------|
| | Note | 2007 | 2006 |
| | | (Unaudi | ted) |
| Operating activities | | | |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | | \$ 134.7 | \$ 86.9 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 91.9 | 87.7 |
| Future income taxes | | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Deferred availability incentives | | 6.6 | 12.4 |
| TXU Europe settlement - net of income taxes | 3 | (3.0) | 10.6 |
| Other | | (0.7) | 5.2 |
| Funds generated by operations | | 232.2 | 205.7 |
| Changes in non-cash working capital | | 94.2 | 33.0 |
| Cash flow from operations | | 326.4 | 238.7 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | | (123.7) | (112.2) |
| Costs on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | (0.5) | (0.2) |
| Contributions by utility customers for extensions to plant | | 19.8 | 25.7 |
| Non-current deferred electricity costs | | (1.4) | 5.3 |
| Changes in non-cash working capital | | (14.2) | (21.3) |
| Other | | (4.4) | (1.0) |
| | | (124.4) | (103.7) |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Issue of long term debt | | - | 35.5 |
| Repayment of non-recourse long term debt | | (25.1) | (19.8) |
| Net issue (purchase) of Class A shares | | 0.5 | (0.1) |
| Dividends paid to Class A and Class B share owners | | (38.2) | (36.2) |
| Other | | 1.0 | (0.2) |
| | | (61.8) | (20.8) |
| Foreign currency translation | | (0.4) | 0.8 |
| Cash position (1) | | | |
| Increase | | 139.8 | 115.0 |
| Beginning of period | | 798.8 | 824.4 |
| End of period | | \$ 938.6 | \$ 939.4 |

⁽¹⁾ Cash position consists of cash and short term investments less current bank indebtedness, and includes \$204.4 million (2006 - \$144.1 million) which is only available for use in joint ventures (see Note 3).

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Millions of Canadian Dollars)

| Three | Months | Ended |
|-------|--------|-------|
|-------|--------|-------|

| | | March | 131 |
|---|------|---------|--------|
| | Note | 2007 | 2006 |
| | | (Unaud | ited) |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | | \$134.7 | \$86.9 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes: | | | |
| Cash flow hedges | 9 | 0.5 | - |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 9 | 0.3 | - |
| | | 0.8 | |
| Comprehensive income | | \$135.5 | \$86.9 |

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2007

(Unaudited, Tabular Amounts in Millions of Canadian Dollars)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Financial statement presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Corporation's 2006 Annual Report. These interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies as used in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006, except as described below.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") recommendations pertaining to financial instruments, which establish standards for the recognition, measurement, disclosure and presentation of financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives. These recommendations require that fair value be used to measure financial assets that are held for trading or available for sale, financial liabilities that are held for trading and all derivative financial instruments. Other financial assets, such as loans and receivables and investments that are held to maturity, and other financial liabilities are measured at their carrying value. This change in accounting had the following effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007:

- (a) Recognition of interest rate swaps, foreign currency forward contracts and certain natural gas purchase contracts as derivative assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements (see Note 8).
- (b) Recognition of the fair value of a power generation revenue contract liability associated with the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset (see Note 8).
- (c) Recognition of a mark-to-market adjustment for the change in fair value of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset and recognition of an adjustment to the associated power generation revenue contract liability (see Note 5).
- (d) Restatement of opening retained earnings at January 1, 2007 to recognize the prior years' earnings effect of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset and the associated power generation revenue contract liability, as well as the prior years' earnings effect of accounting for certain financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost using the effective interest method (see Note 4).
- (e) Reclassification of deferred financing charges from other assets to long term debt and non-recourse long term debt (see Note 6).

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations pertaining to hedges, which establish standards for the identification, designation, documentation and effectiveness of hedging relationships for the purpose of applying hedge accounting. The purpose of hedge accounting is to ensure that gains, losses, revenues and expenses from effective hedging relationships are recorded in earnings in the same period. This change in accounting had no effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations regarding the reporting and disclosure of comprehensive income. Comprehensive income consists of changes in the equity of the Corporation from sources other than the Corporation's share owners, and includes earnings of the Corporation, the foreign currency translation adjustment relating to self-sustaining foreign operations and unrealized gains and losses on changes in fair values of available-for-sale assets and effective cash flow hedging instruments. Other comprehensive income comprises revenues, expenses, gains and losses that are recognized in comprehensive income but are excluded from earnings of the period. Comprehensive income is disclosed in a separate statement in the consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations regarding the presentation of equity and changes in equity. These recommendations require separate presentation of the components of equity, including retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income, contributed surplus, share capital and reserves, and the changes therein. As a result of this change in accounting, the Corporation has

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1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

included a reconciliation of accumulated other comprehensive income in the notes to the consolidated financial statements (see Note 9). In accordance with the recommendations, comparative figures have been adjusted to incorporate the foreign currency translation adjustment into accumulated other comprehensive income.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted the CICA recommendations that prescribe the criteria for changing accounting policies, together with the accounting treatment and disclosure of changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and corrections of errors. Adoption of these recommendations had no effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007, except for the disclosure of accounting changes that have been issued by the CICA but have not yet been adopted by the Corporation because they are not effective until a future date (see Future Accounting Changes below).

Due to the seasonal nature of the Corporation's operations, changes in electricity prices in Alberta, the timing and demand of natural gas storage capacity sold, changes in natural gas storage fees and the timing of rate decisions, the consolidated statements of earnings and retained earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of operations on an annual basis.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Cash and Short Term Investments

Short term investments consist of certificates of deposit and bankers' acceptances with maturities generally of 90 days or less.

Deferred Financing Charges

Issue costs of long term debt are amortized over the life of the debt using the effective interest method. Issue costs of preferred shares relating to regulated operations are amortized over the expected life of the issue and issue costs of preferred shares relating to other subsidiaries are charged to retained earnings. Unamortized premiums and issue costs of redeemed long term debt and preferred shares relating to regulated operations are amortized over the life of the issue funding the redemption. The Corporation's deferred financing charges, which pertain solely to long term debt, have been reclassified from other assets to long term debt and non-recourse long term debt in accordance with the CICA recommendations for financial instruments (see Note 6).

Derivative Financial Instruments

In conducting its business, the Corporation uses various instruments, including forward contracts, swaps and options, to manage the risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. All such instruments are used only to manage risk and not for trading purposes.

CICA recommendations require the recognition and measurement of derivative instruments embedded in host contracts that were issued, acquired or substantively modified on or after January 1, 2003. Derivative instruments embedded in host contracts that were issued, acquired or substantively modified prior to January 1, 2003 have not been identified and recognized in the consolidated financial statements as permitted by the recommendations.

The Corporation designates each derivative instrument as either a hedging instrument or a non-hedge derivative:

- (a) A hedging instrument is designated as either:
 - (i) a fair value hedge of a recognized asset or liability or,
 - (ii) a cash flow hedge of either:
 - a specific firm commitment or anticipated transaction or,
 - the variable future cash flows arising from a recognized asset or liability.

At inception of a hedge, the Corporation documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, including the method of assessing retrospective and prospective hedge effectiveness. At the end of each period, the Corporation assesses whether the hedging instrument has been highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item and measures the amount of any hedge ineffectiveness. The Corporation also assesses whether the hedging instrument is expected to be highly effective in the future.

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1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A hedging instrument is recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value. Payments or receipts on a hedging instrument that is determined to be highly effective as a hedge are recognized concurrently with, and in the same financial category as, the hedged item. Subsequent changes in the fair value of a fair value hedge are recognized in earnings concurrently with the hedged item. For a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of changes in fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income and is subsequently transferred to earnings concurrently with the hedged item, whereas the portion of the changes in fair value that is not effective at offsetting the hedged exposure is recognized in earnings.

If a hedging instrument ceases to be highly effective as a hedge, is de-designated as a hedging instrument or is settled prior to maturity, then the Corporation ceases hedge accounting prospectively for that instrument; for a cash flow hedge, the gain or loss deferred to that date remains in accumulated other comprehensive income and is transferred to earnings concurrently with the hedged item. Subsequent changes in the fair value of that derivative instrument are recognized in earnings.

If the hedged item is sold, extinguished or matures prior to the termination of the related hedging instrument, or if it is probable that an anticipated transaction will not occur in the originally specified time frame, then the gain or loss deferred to that date for the related hedging instrument is immediately transferred from accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings.

Hedge gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are added to the initial carrying amount of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability when:

- (i) an anticipated transaction for a non-financial asset or non-financial liability becomes a specific firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied or,
- (ii) a cash flow hedge of an anticipated transaction subsequently results in the recognition of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability.
- (b) A non-hedge derivative instrument is recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value and subsequent changes in fair value are recorded in earnings.

The Corporation applies settlement date accounting to the purchases and sales of financial assets. Settlement date accounting implies the recognition of an asset on the day it is received by the Corporation and the recognition of the disposal of an asset on the day that it is delivered by the Corporation. Any gain or loss on disposal is also recognized on that day.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities that are not held for trading are added to the fair value of such assets or liabilities at time of initial recognition.

Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities of self-sustaining foreign operations are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date and revenues and expenses are translated at the average monthly rates of exchange during the year. Gains or losses on translation of self-sustaining foreign operations are included in accumulated other comprehensive income in share owners' equity.

Monetary assets and liabilities of integrated foreign operations, as well as non-monetary assets carried at market value, are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Other non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities are translated at rates of exchange in effect when the assets were acquired or liabilities incurred. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average monthly rates of exchange for the year; depreciation and amortization are translated at rates of exchange consistent with the assets to which they relate. Gains or losses on translation of integrated foreign operations are recognized in earnings.

Transactions undertaken by Canadian operations that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange in effect at the transaction date. Monetary items and non-monetary items that are carried at market value arising from a transaction denominated in a foreign currency are adjusted to reflect the rate of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Gains or losses on translation of such monetary and non-monetary items are recognized in earnings.

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1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Future Accounting Changes

The CICA has issued new accounting recommendations for capital disclosures which require disclosure of both qualitative and quantitative information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the Corporation's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital. These recommendations are effective for the Corporation beginning January 1, 2008.

The CICA has also issued new accounting recommendations for disclosure and presentation of financial instruments which require disclosures of both qualitative and quantitative information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Corporation is exposed. These recommendations are effective for the Corporation beginning January 1, 2008.

2. Regulatory matters

On March 17, 2006, ATCO Electric received a decision on its General Tariff Application for 2005 and 2006 which was filed with the Alberta Energy and Utilities Board ("AEUB") in May 2005. The decision established the amount of revenue ATCO Electric can recover through its rates for electric distribution and transmission service provided to its customers for 2005 and 2006. The impact of the decision for 2005 reduced ATCO Electric's earnings by \$1.3 million and was recorded in the first quarter of 2006. The impact of the decision for the full year 2006, as compared to the decision for the full year 2005, further reduced ATCO Electric's earnings by \$1.6 million. The decision also confirmed the return on common equity as determined by the AEUB's standardized rate of return methodology. The rate of return on common equity was 8.93% in 2006.

On January 27, 2006, ATCO Gas received a decision on its general rate application which was filed with the AEUB in May 2005 for the 2005, 2006 and 2007 test years. The decision established the amount of revenue ATCO Gas can recover through distribution rates for natural gas distribution service to its customers over the period of 2005 to 2007. The decision also approved the return on common equity as determined by the AEUB's standardized rate of return methodology. The rate of return on common equity was 8.93% in 2006 and is 8.51% for 2007. The final impact of the decision is subject to the outcome of an existing process regarding the pricing of services provided by ATCO 1-Tek.

The Corporation has a number of other regulatory filings and regulatory hearing submissions before the AEUB for which decisions have not been received. The outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

3. TXU Europe settlement

On November 19, 2002, an administration order was issued by an English Court against TXU Europe Energy Trading Limited ("TXU Europe") which had a long term "off take" agreement for 27.5% of the power produced by the 1,000 megawatt Barking generating plant in London, England, in which the Corporation, through Barking Power, has a 25.5% equity interest. Barking Power had filed a claim for damages for breach of contract related to TXU Europe's obligations to purchase 27.5% of the power produced by the Barking generating plant. Following negotiations with the administrators, an agreement was reached with respect to Barking Power's claim.

In settlement of its claim, Barking Power received distributions of £144.5 million (approximately \$327 million) in 2005, of which the Corporation's share was \$83.1 million, and distributions of £34.8 million (approximately \$71 million) in 2006, of which the Corporation's share was \$18.2 million. Income taxes of approximately \$28.5 million relating to the distributions have been paid.

Based on the foreign currency exchange rate in effect at March 30, 2005, the Corporation's share of this settlement is expected to generate earnings after income taxes of approximately \$69 million, which will be recognized over the remaining term of the TXU Europe contract to September 30, 2010, at approximately \$11 million per year. These earnings will be dependent upon foreign currency exchange rates in effect at the time that the earnings are recognized.

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4. Retained earnings at beginning of period as restated

| | March 31 | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| Retained earnings at beginning of period as previously reported Adjustments to retained earnings to recognize the prior years' effect of: | \$1,804.4 | \$1,721.9 |
| (a) the fair value of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset (net of income taxes) | 41.6 | - |
| (b) the fair value of the power generation revenue contract liability associated with the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset (net of income taxes) | (31.6) | - |
| (c) the change in method of accounting for long term debt and non-recourse long term debt at amortized cost using the effective interest method (net of income | | |
| taxes) | (0.6) | - |
| (d) the fair value of receivables (net of income taxes) | (0.5) | |
| Retained earnings at beginning of period as restated | \$1,813.3 | \$1,721.9 |

5. Interest and other income

Interest and other income for the three months ended March 31, 2007 includes a gain of \$22.9 million related to the change in fair value of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset (see Note 8). This increase is partially offset by an additional provision of \$16.5 million for the associated power generation revenue contract liability.

6. Long term debt and non-recourse long term debt

The CICA recommendations regarding the measurement of financial liabilities require the financial liabilities to be measured at initial recognition, including transaction costs, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment. Accordingly, deferred financing charges have been recalculated using the effective interest method. Commencing January 1, 2007, in accordance with CICA recommendations regarding the presentation of financial liabilities, long term debt and non-recourse long term debt have been reduced by their respective cumulative unamortized balance of deferred financing charges.

6. Long term debt and non-recourse long term debt (continued)

Long term debt

| 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.000% 4.5 4.5 ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 20.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 25.0 26.0 27.0 28.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29 | | Effective | March 31 | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 2001 4.84% due November 2006 2002 4.801% due November 2007 4.913% 50.0 50.0 2000 6.97% due June 2008 7.062% 100.0 100.0 11.537% 125.0 125.0 1290 Series 10.20% due November 2019 10.331% 125.0 125.0 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 12004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1990 Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2004 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 - 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 2005 5.183% due November 2034 5.939% 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 185.0 185.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22. | | Interest Rate | 2007 | 2006 | |
| 2001 4.84% due November 2006 2002 4.801% due November 2007 4.913% 50.0 50.0 2000 6.97% due June 2008 7.062% 100.0 100.0 11.537% 125.0 125.0 1290 Series 10.20% due November 2019 10.331% 125.0 125.0 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 12004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1990 Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2004 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 - 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 2005 5.183% due November 2034 5.939% 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 185.0 185.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22. | CILIng dehentures - unsequired | | | | |
| 2002 4.801% due November 2007 4.913% 50.0 50.0 2000 6.97% due June 2008 7.062% 100.0 100.0 100.0 1998 Series 10.20% due November 2009 10.331% 125.0 125.0 225.0 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 150.0 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 2004 6.4801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -2004 5.896% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -2004 5.896% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -2004 5.896% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -2006 4.801% due November 2021 5.939% 200.0 200.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 200.5 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 -200.0 200.5 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 -200.0 | •••••• | 4 977% | s - | \$ 1750 | |
| 2000 6.97% due June 2008 7.062% 100.0 100.0 1989 Series 10.20% due November 2009 10.331% 125.0 125.0 125.0 1990 Series 11.40% due August 2010 11.537% 125.0 125.0 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 150.0 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2006 4.8018% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 -1.991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 185.0 2005 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 -1.000 5.000 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.00000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.0000 5.00000 | | | - | 4 | |
| 1989 Series 10.20% due November 2009 1990 Series 11.40% due August 2010 1990 Series 11.40% due August 2010 11.537% 125.0 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2002 6.145% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 150.0 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 | | **** *- | | | |
| 1990 Series 11.40% due August 2010 2000 7.05% due June 2011 7.130% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 150.0 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 1292 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 | | | | | |
| 2000 7.05% due June 2011 2004 5.096% due November 2014 5.162% 100.0 2004 5.096% due November 2017 6.217% 150.0 150.0 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 4.5 4.5 4.5 ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22. | | | | | |
| 2004 5.096% due November 2014 2002 6.145% due November 2017 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 1999 6.8% due January 2019 6.861% 300.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 2006 4.801% due November 2021 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 2004 5.896% due November 2034 2005 5.183% due November 2035 2006 5.032% due November 2036 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 Less: Deferred financing charges ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 2026 100.0 | | | | | |
| 2002 6.145% due November 2017 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 Canadian Utilities Limited debentures – unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 100. | | | | | |
| 2004 5.432% due January 2019 5.492% 180.0 180.0 1999 6.8% due August 2019 6.861% 300.0 300.0 300.0 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 - 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 125.0 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 - 16 | | | | | |
| 1999 6.8% due August 2019 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 11.903% 100.0 100.0 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 100.0 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 22.0 | | | | | |
| 1990 Second Series 11.77% due November 2020 2006 4.801% due November 2021 4.854% 160.0 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 10.063% 125.0 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22.0 22. | | | | 300.0 | |
| 2006 4.801% due November 2021 | • | | | | |
| 1991 Series 9.92% due April 2022 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 2004 5.896% due November 2034 2005 5.183% due November 2035 2006 5.032% due November 2036 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 Canadian Utilities Limited debentures – unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 Cess: Deferred financing charges ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 100.03% 125.0 100.0 | | | | - | |
| 1992 Series 9.40% due May 2023 9.511% 100.0 100.0 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.5 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 - | | | | 125.0 | |
| 2004 5.896% due November 2034 5.939% 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.5 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 5 | | | | 100.0 | |
| 2005 5.183% due November 2035 5.226% 185.0 185.0 2006 5.032% due November 2036 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 160.0 5.072% 5.0 | • | | | 200.0 | |
| 2006 5.032% due November 2036 CU Inc. other long term obligation, due December 2008, unsecured 6.000% Canadian Utilities Limited debentures – unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured The secured states and the secured secur | | | | 185.0 | |
| unsecured 6.000% 4.5 4.5 Canadian Utilities Limited debentures – unsecured 2002 6.14% due November 2012 6.228% 100.0 100.0 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) 2,352.0 2,219.5 ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) Floating 25.0 25.0 ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 | 2006 5.032% due November 2036 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | |
| 2002 6.14% due November 2012 Less: Deferred financing charges (12.5) 2,352.0 ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 | | 6.000% | 4.5 | 4.5 | |
| Less: Deferred financing charges 2,352.0 ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 | Canadian Utilities Limited debentures – unsecured | | | | |
| ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 | 2002 6.14% due November 2012 | 6.228% | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| ATCO Midstream Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due June 2011, unsecured (1) Floating 25.0 25.0 ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 | Less: Deferred financing charges | | | <u> </u> | |
| due June 2011, unsecured (1) ATCO Power Canada Ltd. credit facility, at BA rates, due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 25.0 25.0 25.0 22.0 | | | 2,352.0 | 2,219.5 | |
| due August 2011, secured by a pledge of cash (1) Floating 22.0 22.0 | | Floating | 25.0 | 25.0 | |
| | | Floating | 22.0 | 22.0 | |
| 3 AAC C9 A BBE C9 | due August 2011, secured by a pieuge of cash | i loatilig | \$2,399.0 | \$2,266.5 | |

Non-recourse long term debt

The CICA recommendations pertaining to financial instruments do not permit the presentation of interest rate swaps in combination with floating rate long term debt to emulate fixed rate long term debt. Consequently, any of the Corporation's floating rate non-recourse long term debt that had previously been presented in combination with interest rate swaps is now presented exclusive of the effect of the interest rate swaps (see Note 8). The comparative figures have been restated; this change in presentation had no effect on the amount of the Corporation's non-recourse long term debt.

| | Effective | March 31 | | |
|--|---------------|----------|---------|--|
| Project Financing | Interest Rate | 2007 | 2006 | |
| Barking Power Limited, payable in British pounds: | | | | |
| Term loans, at fixed rates averaging 7.95%, due to 2010 (£20.5 million (2006 – £25.1 million)) | 7.95% | \$ 46.4 | \$ 51.0 | |
| Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2010 (1) (£33.5 million (2006 – £41.2 million)) | Floating | 76.1 | 83.5 | |

6. Long term debt and non-recourse long term debt (continued)

Non-recourse long term debt (continued)

| Project Financing | tvon-recourse long term deol (continued) | Effective | March 31 | | |
|--|--|---------------|----------|---------|--|
| Term loan, at Bank Bill rates, due to 2013 (1) (\$35.1 million AUD (2006 – \$39.4 million AUD)) Floating (2) 32.8 32.9 ATCO Power Alberta Limited Partnership ("APALP"): Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) Floating (2) 90.0 96.7 Joffre: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 3.1 9.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 0.1 0.1 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 5.6 16.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 8.59%, due to 2020 8.845% 32.0 32.0 Scotford: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 42.5 45.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 - Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 - Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 10.7 11.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.93%, due to 2022 8.302% 25.9 26.7 Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 0.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Rotes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 7.902% 28.9 30.8 Brighton Beach: Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) | Project Financing | Interest Rate | | | |
| Term loan, at Bank Bill rates, due to 2013 (1) (\$35.1 million AUD (2006 – \$39.4 million AUD)) Floating (2) 32.8 32.9 ATCO Power Alberta Limited Partnership ("APALP"): Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) Floating (2) 90.0 96.7 Joffre: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 3.1 9.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 0.1 0.1 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 5.6 16.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 8.59%, due to 2020 8.845% 32.0 32.0 Scotford: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 42.5 45.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 - Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 - Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 10.7 11.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.93%, due to 2022 8.302% 25.9 26.7 Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 0.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Rotes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 7.902% 28.9 30.8 Brighton Beach: Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) | Oak ama Caranansian Des Lad manufala in Avestualian dellares | | | | |
| (\$35.1 million AUD (2006 – \$39.4 million AUD)) ATCO Power Alberta Limited Partnership ("APALP"): Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) Floating (2) Floating (2) Floating (2) Floating (2) Joffre: Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2012 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1 | | | | | |
| ATCO Power Alberta Limited Partnership ("APALP"): Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) Floating (2) Floating (2) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Jeffre: Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) Floating (3) Jeffre (4) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Floating (3) Jeffre (4) Jef | | Electing (2) | 22.0 | 32.0 | |
| Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) Floating (3) 90.0 96.7 | (\$33.1 IIIIIII0II AQD (2000 – \$39.4 IIIIIII0II AQD)) | rioating | 32.6 | 34.9 | |
| Doffre: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 3.1 9.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) 5.6 16.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 8.59%, due to 2020 8.845% 32.0 32.0 Scotford: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 42.5 45.1 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 10.7 11.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.93%, due to 2022 8.302% 25.9 26.7 Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term loan, at LBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 8.2 8.8 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 7.902% 28.9 30.8 Brighton Beach: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 18.0 18.7 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2021 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2021 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2021 (| ATCO Power Alberta Limited Partnership ("APALP"): | | | | |
| Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2 | Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2016 (1) | Floating (2) | 90.0 | 96.7 | |
| Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2012 (1) Floating (2) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2 | loffre: | | | | |
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| Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2012 (1) | | | | | |
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| Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 10.7 11.3 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.93%, due to 2022 8.302% 25.9 26.7 Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 32.5 34.9 Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 0.2 0.1 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 8.2 8.8 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 7.902% 28.9 30.8 Brighton Beach: Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 19.9 20.8 Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 18.0 18.7 Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.4 4.6 Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 7.025% 107.1 109.9 Cory: Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - Less: Amounts due within one year 666.0 53.7 | | Floating (2) | 42.5 | 45.1 | |
| Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Notes, at fixed rate of 7.93%, due to 2022 **S.302%*** **S.302%** **S.302** **S.302** **S.302** **S.302** **S.302** **S.302** ** | Term facility at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) | | | 45.1 | |
| Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2022 Topic loan, at LIBOR, due to 2022 Topic loan, at Electric loan, at Electric loan, at Electric loan, at BA rates, due to 2022 Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, | | Floating (2) | | 113 | |
| Muskeg River: Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2014 (1) Term facility, at Canadian Prime Advances, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2014 (1) Floating (2) 8.2 8.8 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2022 Term loan, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Term loan, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Tonstruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2021 (1) Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2026 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2026 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2021 (1) Floating (2) 4.4 4.6 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2024 Toust overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Toustruction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Toustring (2) 18.0 18.7 Toustring (2) 18.0 18.0 18.7 Toustring (2) 18.0 18.0 | | | | | |
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| Notes, at fixed rate of 7.56%, due to 2022 7.902% 28.9 30.8 | | Floating (2) | | | |
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| Construction overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.9 5.1 Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.4 4.6 Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 7.025% 107.1 109.9 Cory: Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | | 19.9 | 20.8 | |
| Construction overrun facility, at LIBOR, due to 2020 (1) Floating (2) 4.4 4.6 Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 7.025% 107.1 109.9 Cory: Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - 652.8 711.9 Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | Floating (2) | 18.0 | | |
| Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 7.025% 107.1 109.9 Cory: Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | Floating (2) | | | |
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| Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | Notes, at fixed rate of 6.924%, due to 2024 | 7.025% | 107.1 | 109.9 | |
| Cost overrun facility, at BA rates, due to 2011 (1) Floating (2) 2.8 3.4 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | Cory: | | | | |
| Notes, at fixed rate of 7.586%, due to 2025 7.872% 36.3 37.2 Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 7.880% 32.2 32.9 Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - 652.8 711.9 Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | Floating (2) | 2.8 | 3.4 | |
| Less: Deferred financing charges (8.0) - 652.8 711.9 Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | 7.872% | 36.3 | 37.2 | |
| Less: Amounts due within one year 652.8 711.9 53.7 | Notes, at fixed rate of 7.601%, due to 2026 | 7.880% | 32.2 | 32.9 | |
| Less: Amounts due within one year 652.8 711.9 53.7 | Less: Deferred financing charges | | (8.0) | _ | |
| Less: Amounts due within one year 66.0 53.7 | | | | 711.9 | |
| | Less: Amounts due within one year | | | | |
| | | | \$586.8 | \$658.2 | |

BA - Bankers' Acceptance

LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

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The above interest rates have additional margin fees at a weighted average rate of 1.1% (2006 – 1.2%). The margin fees are subject to escalation.

⁽²⁾ Floating interest rates have been partially or completely hedged with interest rate swaps (see Note 8).

7. Class A and Class B shares

There were 81,486,886 (2006 – 82,916,986) Class A non-voting shares and 43,922,484 (2006 – 44,016,284) Class B common shares outstanding on March 31, 2007. In addition, there were 1,348,300 options to purchase Class A non-voting shares outstanding at March 31, 2007 under the Corporation's stock option plan. From April 1, 2007, to April 24, 2007, no stock options were granted or cancelled, 7,500 stock options were exercised, 31,500 Class B common shares were converted to Class A non-voting shares and no Class A non-voting shares have been purchased under the Corporation's normal course issuer bid.

The average number of shares used to calculate earnings per share are as follows:

| | Marc | ch 31 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | 125,390,433 | 126,949,397 |
| Effect of dilutive stock options | 499,458 | 615,983 |
| Weighted average diluted shares outstanding | 125,889,891 | 127,565,380 |

8. Risk management and financial instruments

The Corporation is exposed to changes in interest rates, commodity prices and foreign currency exchange rates. The Power Generation segment is affected by the cost of natural gas and the price of electricity in the Province of Alberta and the United Kingdom and the Global Enterprises segment is affected by the cost of natural gas and the price of natural gas liquids. In conducting its business, the Corporation may use various instruments, including forward contracts, swaps and options, to manage the risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. All such instruments are used only to manage risk and not for trading purposes.

At March 31, 2007, the following derivative instruments were outstanding: interest rate swaps that hedge interest rate risk on the variable future cash flows associated with a portion of non-recourse long term debt, foreign currency forward contracts that hedge foreign currency risk on the future cash flows associated with specific firm commitments or anticipated transactions and certain natural gas purchase contracts.

The derivative assets and liabilities comprise the following:

| | March 31 2007 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Derivative assets – current: | ¢ 0.1 |
| Interest rate swap agreements | \$ 0.1 |
| Derivative assets - non-current: | |
| Natural gas purchase contracts | \$81.9 |
| Interest rate swap agreements | 0.3 |
| | \$82.2 |
| Derivative liabilities – current: | |
| Foreign currency forward contracts | \$ 0.2 |
| Interest rate swap agreements | 1.9 |
| | \$ 2.1 |
| Derivative liabilities – non-current: | |
| Interest rate swap agreements | \$ 4.6 |

8. Risk management and financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Corporation has converted variable rate non-recourse long term debt to fixed rate debt through the following interest rate swap agreements:

| Project | Swap Fixed Interest | Variable Debt | Maturity | Notional I Marc | • |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Financing | Rate (1) | Interest Rate | Date | 2007 | 2006 |
| Osborne: (\$34.6 million AUD (2006 – \$40.2 million AUD)) | 7.3325% | Bank Bill Rate in Australia | December 2013 | \$ 32.4 | \$ 33.6 |
| APALP: | 7.54% 7.317% 7.50% | 90 day BA 90 day BA 6 month LIBOR | November 2008 December 2008 December 2011 | 2.6 3.6 83.9 | 3.8 5.4 87.5 |
| Joffre: | 7.286% | 90 day BA | September 2012 | 22.8 | 27.0 |
| Scotford: | 5.212% | 90 day BA | September 2008 | 52.9 | 58.0 |
| Muskeg River: | 5.287% | 90 day BA | December 2007 | 39.9 | 43.6 |
| Brighton Beach: | 5.8367% 6.575% | 90 day BA 90 day BA | June 2009 March 2019 | 8.8 35.6 | 9.3 37.4 |
| Cory: | 6.346% | 90 day BA | June 2011 | 2.6 \$285.1 | 3.2 \$308.8 |

BA - Bankers' Acceptance

LIBOR - London Interbank Offered Rate

The Corporation has fixed interest rates, either directly or through interest rate swap agreements, on 96% (2006 – 96%) of total long term debt and non-recourse long term debt.

Foreign currency exchange rate risk

The Corporation has exposure to changes in the carrying values of its foreign operations, including assets and liabilities, as a result of changes in exchange rates. Gains or losses on translation of self-sustaining foreign operations are included in the foreign currency translation adjustment account in accumulated other comprehensive income. Gains or losses on translation of integrated foreign operations are recognized in earnings.

The Corporation has entered into foreign currency forward contracts in order to fix the exchange rate on certain planned equipment expenditures and operational cash flows denominated in U.S. dollars and Euros. At March 31, 2007, the contracts consist of purchases of \$1.4 million U.S. (2006 — \$3.0 million U.S.) and sales of 2.0 million Euros (2006 – 6.0 million Euros).

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⁽¹⁾ The above swap fixed interest rates include any long term debt margin fees; the margin fees are subject to escalation (Note 6).

8. Risk management and financial instruments (continued)

Natural gas purchase contracts and associated power generation revenue contract liability

The Corporation has long term contracts for the supply of natural gas for certain of its power generation projects. Under the terms of certain of these contracts, the volume of natural gas that the Corporation is entitled to take is in excess of the natural gas required to generate power. As the excess volume of natural gas can be sold, the Corporation is required to designate these entire contracts as derivative instruments. The Corporation recognized a non-current derivative asset of \$59.0 million on January 1, 2007; thereafter, the Corporation will record mark-to-market adjustments through earnings as the fair values of these contracts change with changes in future natural gas prices. These natural gas purchase contracts mature in November 2014.

As all but the excess volume of natural gas is committed to the Corporation's power generation obligations, the Corporation could not recognize the entire fair values of these natural gas purchase contracts in its revenues. Consequently, on January 1, 2007, the Corporation recognized a provision for a power generation revenue contract in the amount of \$44.8 million; thereafter, the Corporation will record adjustments to the power generation revenue contract liability concurrently with the mark-to-market adjustments for the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset. This power generation revenue contract liability is included in deferred credits in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the three months ended March 31, 2007, the mark-to-market adjustment for the derivative asset and the corresponding adjustment for the associated power generation revenue contract liability increased earnings by \$4.5 million, net of income taxes.

Credit risk

For cash and short term investments and accounts receivable, credit risk represents the carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet. Accounts receivable credit risk is reduced by a large and diversified customer base, requirement of letters of credit, and, for regulated operations other than Alberta Power (2000), the ability to recover an estimate for doubtful accounts through approved customer rates.

Derivative credit risk arises from the possibility that a counterparty to a contract fails to perform according to the terms and conditions of that contract. Derivative credit risk is minimized by dealing with large, credit-worthy counterparties in accordance with established credit approval policies.

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8. Risk management and financial instruments (continued)

Fair value of non-derivative financial instruments

The carrying values and fair values of the Corporation's non-derivative financial instruments are as follows:

| | | Marc | h 31 | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | 200 |)7 | 200 |)6 |
| | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value | Fair Value |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and short term investments (1) | \$ 939.0 | \$ 939.0 | \$ 939.4 | \$ 939.4 |
| Accounts receivable (1) | 311.4 | 311.4 | 289.3 | 289.3 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Bank indebtedness (2) | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | - |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (2) | 343.0 | 343.0 | 300.2 | 300.2 |
| Long term debt (3) | 2,399.0 | 2,773.8 | 2,266.5 | 2,635.3 |
| Non-recourse long term debt (3) | 652.8 | 691.1 | 711.9 | 742.2 |

⁽¹⁾ Recorded at cost. Fair value approximates the carrying amounts due to the short term nature of the financial instruments and negligible credit losses.

Fair value of derivative financial instruments

The fair values of the Corporation's derivative financial instruments are as follows:

| | | | Mar | ch 31 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| | | 2007 | | | 2006 | |
| | Notional Principal ⁽¹⁾ | Fair Value Receivable (Payable) ⁽³⁾ | Maturity | Notional Principal ⁽¹⁾ | Fair Value Receivable (Payable) ⁽³⁾ | Maturity |
| Interest rate swaps Foreign currency | \$285.1 | \$(6.1) | 2007-2019 | \$308.8 | \$(8.3) | 2007-2019 |
| forward contracts Natural gas purchase | \$ 4.6 | \$(0.2) | 2007 | \$ 11.7 | \$(0.4) | 2006 |
| contracts | N/A (2) | \$81.9 | 2014 | N/A (4) | N/A (4) | N/A (4) |

⁽¹⁾ The notional principal is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements as it does not represent amounts that are exchanged by the counterparties.

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⁽²⁾ Recorded at cost. Fair value approximates the carrying amounts due to the short term nature of the financial instruments

⁽³⁾ Recorded at amortized cost. Fair values are determined using quoted market prices for the same or similar issues. Where the market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on the Corporation's current borrowing rate for similar borrowing arrangements.

The notional amount for the natural gas purchase contracts is the maximum volumes that can be purchased over the terms of the contracts.

⁽³⁾ Fair values for the interest rate swaps and the foreign currency forward contracts have been estimated using period-end market rates, and fair values for the natural gas purchase contracts have been estimated using period-end forward market prices for natural gas. These fair values approximate the amount that the Corporation would either pay or receive to settle the contract at March 31.

In accordance with the CICA recommendations for financial instruments, disclosures not required in financial statements for periods prior to January 1, 2007 need not be provided on a comparative basis.

9. Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income ("OCI") of the Corporation is comprised of three components: the unrealized gains and losses on effective cash flow hedging instruments, the unrealized gains and losses on financial assets that are available for sale, and the foreign currency translation adjustment relating to self-sustaining foreign operations.

Changes in the components of accumulated OCI are summarized below:

| | Three Months Ended March 31 | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| Accumulated OCI at beginning of period: | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | \$ 3.1 | \$(18.2) |
| Adjustment to accumulated OCI at beginning of period due to change in method of accounting for: | | |
| Cash flow hedge losses (1) | (7.4) | - |
| Financial assets available for sale (2) | 0.1 | - |
| | (7.3) | |
| OCI for the period: | | |
| Changes in fair values of cash flow hedges (3) | 0.4 | - |
| Transfers of cash flow hedge losses to earnings (4) | 0.1 | - |
| | 0.5 | - |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 0.3 | - |
| | 0.8 | |
| Accumulated OCI at end of period: | | |
| Cash flow hedge losses (5) | (6.9) | - |
| Financial assets available for sale (2) | 0.1 | - |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 3.4 | (18.2) |
| | \$(3.4) | \$(18.2) |

⁽¹⁾ Net of income taxes of \$3.2 million.

10. Employee future benefits

In the three months ended March 31, 2007, net expense of \$3.6 million (2006 - \$3.9 million) was recognized for pension benefit plans and net expense of \$1.3 million (2006 - \$1.2 million) was recognized for other post employment benefit plans.

⁽²⁾ Net of income taxes of nil.

⁽³⁾ Net of income taxes of \$(0.1) million.

⁽⁴⁾ Net of income taxes of nil.

⁽⁵⁾ Net of income taxes of \$3.1 million.

11. Segmented information

Segmented results - Three months ended March 31

| 2007 2006 | Utilities | | Power eneration | Global Enterprises | Corporate and Other | Intersegment Eliminations | Consolidated |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| (Unaudited) | | | | | | | |
| Revenues – external | \$ 338. | 4 | \$ 205.9 | \$152.9 | \$ 0.4 | s - | \$ 697.6 |
| | \$ 322. | 7 | \$ 189.8 | \$129.2 | \$ 0.3 | \$ - | \$ 642.0 |
| Revenues – intersegment (1) | 6. | 3 | - | 29.0 | 2.9 | (38.2) | - |
| • | 6. | 0 | - | 24.9 | 2.7 | (33.6) | - |
| Revenues | \$ 344. | 7 | \$ 205.9 | \$181.9 | \$ 3.3 | \$ (38.2) | \$ 697.6 |
| | \$ 328. | 7 | \$ 189.8 | \$154.1 | \$ 3.0 | \$ (33.6) | \$ 642.0 |
| Earnings attributable to | \$ 49. | 1 | \$ 43.4 | \$ 42.8 | \$ 0.2 | \$ (0.8) | \$ 134.7 |
| Class A and Class B shares | \$ 40. | 4 | \$ 27.4 | \$ 23.0 | \$ (2.5) | \$ (1.4) | \$ 86.9 |
| Total assets | \$3,820. | 5 | \$2,311.4 | \$240.4 | \$679.3 | \$ 93.7 | \$7,145.3 |
| | \$3, <u>546</u> . | 2 | \$2,200.4 | \$295.7 | \$666.9 | \$134.9 | \$6,844.1 |

⁽¹⁾ Intersegment revenues are recognized on the basis of prevailing market or regulated prices.

12. Subsequent event

On April 18, 2007, CU Inc., a subsidiary corporation, issued \$115.0 million Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares Series 1 at a price of \$25.00 per share for cash. The dividend rate has been fixed at 4.60%. The net proceeds of the issue will be used in part to redeem \$91.8 million of the outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S of ATCO Electric, ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines, subsidiary corporations of CU Inc., that are held by Canadian Utilities Limited.

On April 13, 2007, Canadian Utilities Limited announced the redemption on May 18, 2007 of the \$126.5 million of outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S at a price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends per share.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

CANADIAN UTILITIES LIMITED

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A")

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of Canadian Utilities Limited (the "Corporation") should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007, and the audited consolidated financial statements and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006 ("2006 MD&A"). Information contained in the 2006 MD&A that is not discussed in this document remains substantially unchanged. Additional information relating to the Corporation, including the Corporation's Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The equity securities of the Corporation consist of Class A non-voting shares ("Class A shares") and Class B common shares ("Class B shares").

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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "may", "will", "intend", "should", and similar expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Corporation believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking



statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon.

In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements pertaining to contractual obligations, planned capital expenditures, the impact of changes in government regulation and non-regulated generating capacity subject to long term contracts. The Corporation's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of regulatory decisions, competitive factors in the industries in which the Corporation operates, prevailing economic conditions, and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Corporation.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In this MD&A, reference is made to funds generated by operations, which is a measure that does not have a standardized meaning under Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). Funds generated by operations is calculated on the Corporation's consolidated statement of cash flows from operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital. In the Corporation's opinion, funds generated by operations is a significant performance indicator of the Corporation's ability to generate cash flow to fund its capital expenditures.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There were no changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2007, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

BUSINESS OF THE CORPORATION

The Corporation's financial statements are consolidated from three Business Groups: Utilities, Power Generation and Global Enterprises. For the purposes of financial disclosure, corporate transactions are accounted for as Corporate and Other (refer to Note 11 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007). Transactions between Business Groups are eliminated in all reporting of the Corporation's consolidated financial information.

NATURAL GAS PURCHASE CONTRACTS AND ASSOCIATED POWER GENERATION REVENUE CONTRACT LIABILITY

The Corporation has long term contracts for the supply of natural gas for certain of its power generation projects. Under the terms of certain of these contracts, the volume of natural gas that the Corporation is entitled to take is in excess of the natural gas required to generate power. As the excess volume of natural gas can be sold, the Corporation is required to designate these entire contracts as derivative instruments. The Corporation recognized a non-current derivative asset of \$59.0 million on January 1, 2007; thereafter, the Corporation will record mark-to-market adjustments through earnings as the fair values of these contracts change with changes in future natural gas prices. These natural gas purchase contracts mature in November 2014.

As all but the excess volume of natural gas is committed to the Corporation's power generation obligations, the Corporation could not recognize the entire fair values of these natural gas contracts in its revenues. Consequently, on January 1, 2007, the Corporation recognized a provision for a power generation revenue contract in the amount of \$44.8 million; thereafter, the Corporation will record adjustments to the power generation revenue contract liability concurrently with the mark-to-market adjustments for the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset. This power generation revenue contract liability is included in deferred credits in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the three months ended March 31, 2007, the mark-to-market adjustment for the derivative asset and the corresponding adjustment for the associated power generation revenue contract liability increased earnings by \$4.5 million, net of income taxes ("Mark-to-Market Adjustment").

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TXU EUROPE SETTLEMENT

On November 19, 2002, an administration order was issued by an English Court against TXU Europe Energy Trading Limited ("TXU Europe") which had a long term "off take" agreement for 27.5% of the power produced by the 1,000 megawatt Barking generating plant in London, England, in which the Corporation, through Barking Power, has a 25.5% equity interest. Barking Power had filed a claim for damages for breach of contract related to TXU Europe's obligations to purchase 27.5% of the power produced by the Barking generating plant. Following negotiations with the administrators, an agreement was reached with respect to Barking Power's claim.

In settlement of its claim, Barking Power received distributions of £144.5 million (approximately \$327 million) in 2005, of which the Corporation's share was \$83.1 million, and distributions of £34.8 million (approximately \$71 million) in 2006, of which the Corporation's share was \$18.2 million. Income taxes of approximately \$28.5 million relating to the distributions have been paid.

Based on the foreign currency exchange rate in effect on March 30, 2005, the Corporation's share of this settlement is expected to generate earnings after income taxes of approximately \$69 million, which will be recognized over the remaining term of the TXU Europe contract to September 30, 2010, at approximately \$11 million per year. These earnings will be dependent upon foreign currency exchange rates in effect at the time that the earnings are recognized.

SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

| | For the Three Months Ended | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| (\$ Millions except per share data) | Mar. 31 | Jun. 30 | Sep. 30 | Dec. 31 |
| | | (unau | | |
| 2007(1)(2) | | | | |
| Revenues | 697.6 | | | |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | 134.7 | ************* | ************ | |
| Earnings per Class A and Class B share | 1.07 | | *************************************** | |
| Diluted earnings per Class A and Class B share | 1.07 | | | *************************************** |
| 2006 (1) (2) | | | | |
| Revenues | 642.0 | 563.4 | 553.9 | 671.1 |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | 86.9 | 70.2 | 66.8 | 100.0 |
| Earnings per Class A and Class B share | 0.68 | 0.56 | 0.53 | 0.80 |
| Diluted earnings per Class A and Class B share | 0.68 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.80 |
| 2005 (1) (2) | | | | |
| Revenues | | 552.9 | 537.4 | 680.3 |
| Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares | | 50.0 | 46.5 | 89.1 |
| Earnings per Class A and Class B share | | 0.39 | 0.37 | 0.70 |
| Diluted earnings per Class A and Class B share | | 0.39 | 0.37 | 0.69 |

Notes.

- (1) There were no discontinued operations or extraordinary items during these periods.
- (2) Due to the seasonal nature of the Corporation's operations, changes in electricity prices in Alberta, the timing and demand of natural gas storage capacity sold, changes in natural gas storage fees and the timing of rate decisions, revenues and earnings for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of operations on an annual basis.
- (3) The above data has been extracted from the financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and the reporting currency is the Canadian dollar.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The principal factors that have caused variations in revenues and earnings over the eight most recently completed quarters necessary to understand general trends that have developed and the seasonality of the businesses disclosed in the 2006 MD&A remain substantially unchanged.

Consolidated Operations

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$55.6 million to \$697.6 million, primarily due to:

- the timing and demand of natural gas storage capacity sold and higher storage fees in ATCO Midstream.
 The majority of the storage revenues recognized in the first quarter of 2007 pertained to contracts entered into in the 2006/2007 storage year which ended March 31, 2007 (refer to Business Risks Non-Regulated Operations ATCO Midstream);
- impact of 2007 interim customer rate increases for ATCO Electric approved by the Alberta Energy and Utilities Board ("AEUB") in December 2006 (refer to Regulatory Matters ATCO Electric section); and
- impact of higher United Kingdom ("U.K.") exchange rates on conversion of revenues to Canadian dollars in ATCO Power's U.K. operations.

This increase was partially offset by:

- lower natural gas fuel purchases recovered on a "no-margin" basis in ATCO Power's U.K. operations; and
- lower franchise fees collected by ATCO Gas on behalf of cities and municipalities.

Earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$47.8 million (\$0.39 per share) to \$134.7 million (\$1.07 per share), primarily due to:

- the timing and demand of storage capacity sold and higher storage fees in ATCO Midstream;
- lower income tax rates;
- higher earnings in ATCO Power's Alberta generating plants due to higher spark spreads realized on sales
 of electricity in the Alberta market; and
- Mark-te-Market Adjustment (refer to Natural Gas Purchase Contracts and Associated Power Generation Revenue Contract Liability section).

Operating expenses (consisting of natural gas supply, purchased power, operation and maintenance, selling and administrative and franchise fee costs) for the three months ended March 31, 2007, decreased by \$1.2 million to \$358.4 million, primarily due to:

lower franchise fees collected by ATCO Gas on behalf of cities and municipalities.

Depreciation and amortization expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$4.2 million to \$91.9 million, primarily due to:

capital additions in 2007 and 2006.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$1.3 million to \$54.6 million, primarily due to:

interest on new financings issued in 2006 to fund capital expenditures in Utilities operations.

This increase was partially offset by:

repayment of non-recourse financings in 2007 and 2006.

Interest and other income for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$11.1 million to \$20.2 million, primarily due to:

- higher short term interest rates; and
- Mark-to-Market Adjustment (refer to Natural Gas Purchase Contracts and Associated Power Generation Revenue Contract Liability section).

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Income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$14.7 million to \$69.4 million, primarily due to:

higher earnings.

This increase was partially offset by:

lower income tax rates.

Segmented Information

Segmented revenues and earnings attributable to Class A and Class B shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007, were as follows:

| For the | Three | Months |
|---------|-------|--------|
| Ende | d Ma | rch 31 |

| | Ended March 31 | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|-------|
| (\$ Millions) | Revenues | | Earnings | |
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 |
| | (und | | | |
| Utilities | 344.7 | 328.7 | 49.1 | 40.4 |
| Power Generation | 205.9 | 189.8 | 43.4 | 27.4 |
| Global Enterprises | 181.9 | 154.1 | 42.8 | 23.0 |
| Corporate and Other | 3.3 | 3.0 | 0.2 | (2.5) |
| Intersegment eliminations | (38.2) | (33.6) | (0.8) | (1.4) |
| Total | 697.6 | 642.0 | 134.7 | 86.9 |

Utilities

Revenues from the Utilities Business Group for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$16.0 million to \$344.7 million, primarily due to:

- impact of 2007 interim customer rate increases for ATCO Electric approved by the AEUB in December 2006 (refer to Regulatory Matters ATCO Electric section);
- customer growth in ATCO Gas; and
- colder temperatures in ATCO Gas.

This increase was partially offset by:

• lower franchise fees collected by ATCO Gas on behalf of cities and municipalities.

Temperatures in ATCO Gas for the three months ended March 31, 2007, were 5.1% warmer than normal, compared to 6.8% warmer than normal for the corresponding period in 2006.

Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$8.7 million to \$49.1 million, primarily due to:

- customer growth in ATCO Gas;
- reduced earnings recorded in the first quarter of 2006 as a result of the ATCO Electric GTA Decision (refer
 to Regulatory Matters ATCO Electric section); and
- colder temperatures in ATCO Gas.

This increase was partially offset by:

• higher operating and maintenance and depreciation expenses in ATCO Gas.

Utilities Business Group capital expenditures to maintain capacity and meet planned growth are expected to be approximately \$600 million in 2007. The total three year (2007-2009) anticipated capital expenditures in the Utilities Business Group are expected to be approximately \$2.1 billion.

Power Generation

Revenues from the Power Generation Business Group for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$16.1 million to \$205.9 million, primarily due to:

- impact of higher U.K. exchange rates on conversion of revenues to Canadian dollars in ATCO Power's U.K operations;
- higher revenues in ATCO Power's Alberta generating plants due to higher Alberta Power Pool prices; and
- higher availability, improved performance and the impact of higher Australian exchange rates on conversion of revenues to Canadian dollars in ATCO Power's Australian operations.

This increase was partially offset by:

• lower natural gas fuel purchases recovered on a "no-margin" basis in ATCO Power's U.K. operations.

Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$16.0 million to \$43.4 million, primarily due to:

- higher earnings in ATCO Power's Alberta generating plants due to higher spark spreads realized on sales
 of electricity in the Alberta market;
- Mark-to-Market Adjustment (refer to Natural Gas Purchase Contracts and Associated Power Generation Revenue Contract Liability section); and
- improved merchant performance and higher exchange rates on conversion of earnings to Canadian dollars in ATCO Power's U.K. operations.

Alberta Power Pool electricity prices for the three months ended March 31, 2007, averaged \$63.29 per megawatt hour, compared to average prices of \$56.85 per megawatt hour for the corresponding period in 2006. Natural gas prices for the three months ended March 31, 2007, averaged \$7.00 per gigajoule, compared to average prices of \$7.13 per gigajoule for the corresponding period in 2006. The consequence of these electricity and natural gas prices was an average spark spread of \$10.76 per megawatt hour for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$3.35 per megawatt hour for the corresponding period in 2006.

Spark spread is related to the difference between Alberta Power Pool electricity prices and the marginal cost of producing electricity from natural gas. These spark spreads are based on an approximate industry heat rate of 7.5 gigajoules per megawatt hour.

Changes in spark spread affect the results of approximately 406 megawatts of plant capacity owned in Alberta by ATCO Power and Alberta Power (2000) out of a total Alberta owned capacity of approximately 1,709 megawatts and a world wide owned capacity of approximately 2,474 megawatts.

Alberta Power (2000) operated the Rainbow generating plant during 2006 and the electricity generated was sold to the Alberta Power Pool. Alberta Power (2000) had one year after the expiry of the Power Purchase Arrangement ("PPA") for the Rainbow generating plant (December 31, 2005) to determine whether to decommission the plant in order to fully recover plant decommissioning costs or to continue to operate the plant. In the first quarter of 2007 the Alberta Electric System Operator ("AESO") and Alberta Power (2000) executed a contract which will result in Alberta Power (2000) continuing to operate the plant and thus be responsible for future decommissioning costs. These costs are included in Alberta Power (2000)'s asset retirement obligation liability. As such, Alberta Power (2000) has withdrawn its application with the AEUB to decommission the plant.

The Piikani Nation of Brockett, Alberta has an option to purchase a 25% interest in ATCO Power's 32 megawatt hydroelectric generating plant at the Oldman River dam near Pincher Creek, Alberta. On February 26, 2007, this option was extended from February 28, 2007, to April 30, 2007.

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, Alberta Power (2000)'s deferred availability incentive account increased by \$6.6 million to \$46.2 million. The increase was due to additional availability incentives received for improved plant availability net of quarterly amortization. During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the amortization of deferred availability incentives, recorded in revenues, increased by \$0.3 million to \$2.9 million, compared to the same period in 2006.

Global Enterprises

Revenues from the Global Enterprises Business Group for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$27.8 million to \$181.9 million, primarily due to:

• the timing and demand of natural gas storage capacity sold and higher storage fees in ATCO Midstream. The majority of the storage revenues recognized in the first quarter of 2007 pertained to contracts entered into in the 2006/2007 storage year which ended March 31, 2007 (refer to Business Risks – Non-Regulated Operations – ATCO Midstream).

Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$19.8 million to \$42.8 million, primarily due to:

the timing and demand of storage capacity sold and higher storage fees in ATCO Midstream.

Corporate and Other

Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$2.7 million to \$0.2 million, primarily due to:

- decreased share appreciation rights expense due to changes in Canadian Utilities Limited Class A share and ATCO Ltd. Class I Non-Voting share prices since December 31, 2006; and
- higher short term interest rates.

REGULATORY MATTERS

Regulated operations are conducted by wholly owned subsidiaries of Canadian Utilities' wholly owned subsidiary, CU Inc.:

- ATCO Electric and its subsidiaries Northland Utilities (NWT), Northland Utilities (Yellowknife) and Yukon Electrical;
- the ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines divisions of ATCO Gas and Pipelines Ltd.; and
- the Battle River and Sheerness generating plants of Alberta Power (2000).

Regulated operations in Alberta (except for the generating plants of Alberta Power (2000)) are subject to a generic cost of capital regime:

- in July 2004, the AEUB issued the generic cost of capital decision which established, among other things:
 - a standardized approach for each utility company regulated by the AEUB for determining the rate of return on common equity;
 - rate of return adjusted annually by 75% of the change in long term Government of Canada bond yield as forecast; and
 - adjustment mechanism similar to the method the National Energy Board uses in determining its formula based rate of return;
 - o the capital structure for each utility regulated by the AEUB.
- in November 2005, the AEUB announced a generic return on common equity of 8.93% for 2006;
- in January 2006, the AEUB clarified that the generic return on equity determined on an annual basis in accordance with the generic cost of capital decision should apply to each year of the test period in the companies' applications. If no rate applications are filed for a particular year, then there will be no adjustment to the common equity rate of return for that year; and
- in November 2006, the AEUB announced a generic return on common equity of 8.51% for 2007.

ATCO Electric, ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines purchase information technology services, and ATCO Electric and ATCO Gas also purchase customer care and billing services, from ATCO I-Tek. The recovery of these costs in customer rates is subject to AEUB approval. Since 2003, the costs have been approved on a placeholder basis, and are subject to final AEUB approval after completion of an ongoing collaborative benchmarking process.

ATCO Electric

In March 2006, the AEUB issued a decision on ATCO Electric's 2005 and 2006 General Tariff Application ("ATCO Electric GTA Decision"):

- which established, among other things, the amount of revenue to be collected in 2005 and 2006 from customers for transmission and distribution services and approved a return on common equity as determined by the AEUB's standardized rate of return methodology 9.5% in 2005 and 8.93% in 2006;
- ATCO Electric's 2005 earnings negatively impacted by \$1.3 million, recorded in first quarter of 2006; and
- ATCO Electric's 2006 earnings reduced by an additional \$1.6 million, compared to 2005 earnings, recorded throughout 2006.

In August 2006, the AEUB approved the first phase of the AESO's application for the need to improve transmission infrastructure in northwest Alberta:

- AEUB decision grants the AESO approval to assign approximately \$300 million in projects to the Transmission Facility Owner, ATCO Electric;
- once assigned by the AESO, ATCO Electric will prepare and file facility applications with the AEUB.
 Construction will commence once approval to proceed is received from the AEUB; and
- the entire 725 kilometre project was originally intended to be completed by 2009, but now is anticipated to
 be completed by 2011. As a result of price escalation caused by the change in completion date, coupled
 with the increasing costs of construction in Alberta, the entire project is now estimated to cost \$400
 million. ATCO Electric anticipates that an additional 180 kilometres of transmission line projects will be
 required in its service area over the next five years.

In November 2006, ATCO Electric filed a general tariff application with the AEUB for the 2007 and 2008 test years:

- requesting, among other things, increased revenues to recover increased financing, depreciation and operating costs associated with increased rate base in Alberta;
- a decision from the AEUB on the general tariff application is not expected until late 2007;
- in November 2006, ATCO Electric filed an application requesting interim refundable rates for transmission and distribution operations, pending the AEUB's decision on the general tariff application; and
- on December 19, 2006, ATCO Electric received a decision from the AEUB approving interim refundable rate increases amounting to 50% of ATCO Electric's requested increases for transmission and distribution operations.

ATCO Gas

In January 2006, the AEUB issued a decision on ATCO Gas' 2005, 2006 and 2007 General Rate Application ("ATCO Gas GRA Decision"):

• which, among other things, established the amount of revenue to be collected over the period 2005 to 2007 from customers for natural gas distribution service and approved a return on common equity as determined by the AEUB's standardized rate of return methodology – 9.5% in 2005, 8.93% in 2006 and 8.51% in 2007.

In May 2006, the City of Calgary filed a Review and Variance application with the AEUB for the ATCO Gas GRA Decision:

- the application alleges that the AEUB made errors in the ATCO Gas GRA Decision related to the calculation of working capital needed by ATCO Gas to operate its Carbon natural gas storage facility;
- the AEUB issued its decision on January 17, 2007, denying the City of Calgary's application; and
- on February 15, 2007, the City of Calgary filed for leave to appeal this decision with the Alberta Court of Appeal.

In October 2006, ATCO Gas also filed a Review and Variance application with the AEUB for the ATCO Gas GRA Decision:

- the application alleges that the AEUB made errors in the ATCO Gas GRA Decision related to the approved level of administrative expenses;
- in December 2006, the AEUB issued a decision in which it acknowledged an error for a portion of the administrative expenses in question; and
- on April 18, 2007, ATCO Gas was advised by the AEUB that it would grant ATCO Gas' request to hear its Review and Variance application. A schedule for the hearing has not yet been determined.

ATCO Gas owns a 43.5 petajoule natural gas storage facility located at Carbon, Alberta. ATCO Gas has leased the entire storage capacity of the facility to ATCO Midstream. ATCO Gas has taken the position that the facility is no longer required for utility service and should be removed from regulation. In the process of obtaining AEUB approval, the following events are significant:

- in July 2004, the AEUB initiated a written process to consider its role in regulating the operations of the facility;
- in June 2005, the AEUB issued a decision with respect to this process. In addition to addressing other matters, the decision found that the AEUB has the authority, when necessary in the public interest, to direct a utility to utilize a particular asset in a specific manner, even over the objection of the utility;
- ATCO Gas filed for leave to appeal the decision with the Alberta Court of Appeal:
- in October 2005, the AEUB established processes to review the use of the facility for utility purposes;
- a hearing to review the use of the facility for revenue generation was held in April 2006 and a hearing to review the use of the facility for load balancing was held in June 2006. On October 11, 2006, the AEUB issued a decision confirming ATCO Gas' position that the facility is no longer required for utility service with respect to the use of the facility for load balancing purposes. The City of Calgary has filed a leave to appeal and a Review and Variance application of this decision; and
- on February 5, 2007, the AEUB issued a decision in which it determined that a legitimate utility use for the facility is that it be used for purposes of generating revenues to offset customer rates. This decision requires ATCO Gas to maintain the status quo with respect to the use of the Carbon facility including the lease of the entire storage facility to ATCO Midstream. On February 26, 2007, ATCO Gas filed for leave to appeal this decision with the Alberta Court of Appeal (refer to Business Risks Regulated Operations Carbon Natural Gas Storage Facility section).

ATCO Gas has filed an application with the AEUB to address, among other things, corrections required to historical transportation imbalances (the process whereby third party natural gas supplies are reconciled to amounts actually shipped in the Corporation's pipelines) that have impacted ATCO Gas' deferred gas account:

- in April 2005, the AEUB issued a decision resulting in a 15% decrease in the transportation imbalance adjustments sought by ATCO Gas. The decision resulted in a decrease to ATCO Gas' 2005 revenues and earnings of \$1.8 million and \$1.2 million, respectively; and
- the City of Calgary filed for leave to appeal the AEUB's decision. ATCO Gas filed a cross appeal of the AEUB's decision. The leave to appeal was heard by the Alberta Court of Appeal on April 18, 2006. On July 7, 2006, the Alberta Court of Appeal issued its decision granting the City of Calgary's leave to appeal on the question of whether the AEUB erred in law or jurisdiction in assuming that it had the authority to allow recovery in 2005, for costs relating to prior years. ATCO Gas' cross appeal was denied. At a hearing with the Alberta Court of Appeal on April 13, 2007, the Court declined to consider Calgary's appeal and referred the jurisdictional question back to the AEUB.

ATCO Pipelines

In March 2007, the AEUB directed ATCO Pipelines to file its next General Rate Application by October 1, 2007. ATCO Pipelines anticipates that the filing will include the 2008 and 2009 test years:

- requesting, among other things, increased revenues to recover increased financing, depreciation and operating costs associated with increased rate base in Alberta; and
- a decision from the AEUB on the General Rate Application is not expected until the third quarter of 2008.

The AEUB has delayed its review of the competitive natural gas pipeline issues under AEUB jurisdiction until mid 2007. This review is expected to address competitive issues between ATCO Pipelines and NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd.

Other Matters

The Corporation has a number of other regulatory filings and regulatory hearing submissions before the AEUB for which decisions have not been received. The outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Funds generated by operations provide a substantial portion of the Corporation's cash requirements. Additional cash requirements are met externally through bank borrowings and the issuance of long term and non-recourse long term debt and preferred shares. Commercial paper borrowings and short term bank loans are used to provide flexibility in the timing and amounts of long term financing.

Funds generated by operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$26.5 million to \$232.2 million, primarily due to:

· increased earnings.

This increase was partially offset by:

• 2006 proceeds received from the TXU Europe Settlement (refer to TXU Europe Settlement section).

Investing for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$20.7 million to \$124.4 million, primarily due to:

- higher capital expenditures; and
- changes in non-cash working capital.

Purchase of property, plant and equipment for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$11.5 million to \$123.7 million, primarily due to:

 increased investment in regulated electric distribution and transmission projects and regulated natural gas distribution projects.

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Corporation issued:

• no long term debt.

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Corporation redeemed:

\$25.1 million of non-recourse long term debt.

This change resulted in a net debt decrease of \$25.1 million.

Net issue of Class A shares for the three months ended March 31, 2007, increased by \$0.6 million to \$0.5 million, primarily due to stock options exercised.

Foreign currency translation for the three months ended March 31, 2007, negatively impacted the Corporation's cash position by \$1.2 million, primarily as a result of:

• changes in U.K. exchange rates.

On April 18, 2007, CU Inc., a subsidiary corporation, issued \$115.0 million Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares Series 1 at a price of \$25.00 per share for cash. The dividend rate has been fixed at 4.60%. The net proceeds of the issue will be used in part to redeem \$91.8 million of the outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S of ATCO Electric, ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines, subsidiary corporations of CU Inc., that are held by Canadian Utilities Limited.

On April 13, 2007, Canadian Utilities Limited announced the redemption on May 18, 2007 of the \$126.5 million of outstanding Cumulative Redeemable Second Preferred Shares Series Q, R and S at a price of \$25.00 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends per share.

At March 31, 2007, the Corporation had the following credit lines that enable it to obtain funding for general corporate purposes.

| | Total | Used | Available |
|----------------------|-------|------|-----------|
| (\$ Millions) | | | |
| Long term committed | 326.0 | 47.4 | 278.6 |
| Short term committed | 600.0 | 10.0 | 590.0 |
| Uncommitted | 69.1 | 7.1 | 62.0 |
| Total | 995.1 | 64.5 | 930.6 |

The amount and timing of future financings will depend on market conditions and the specific needs of the Corporation.

Contractual obligations disclosed in the 2006 MD&A remain substantially unchanged as at March 31, 2007.

Net current and long term future income tax liabilities of \$199.7 million at March 31, 2007, are attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. These differences result primarily from recognizing revenue and expenses in different years for financial and tax reporting purposes. Future income taxes will become payable when such differences are reversed through the settlement of liabilities and realization of assets.

On May 20, 2005, the Corporation commenced a **normal course issuer bid** for the purchase of up to 3% of the outstanding Class A shares. The bid expired on May 19, 2006. Over the life of the bid, 348,100 shares were purchased, of which 195,600 were purchased in 2005 and 152,500 were purchased in 2006. On May 23, 2006, the Corporation commenced a new normal course issuer bid for the purchase of up to 5% of the outstanding Class A shares. The bid will expire on May 22, 2007. From May 23, 2006, to April 24, 2007, 1,679,700 shares have been purchased, all of which were purchased in 2006.

For the first quarter of 2007, the **quarterly dividend** payment on the Corporation's Class A and Class B shares was **increased** by \$0.015 to \$0.305 per share. The Corporation has increased its annual common share dividend each year since its inception as a holding company in 1972. The payment of any dividend is at the discretion of the Board of Directors and depends on the financial condition of the Corporation and other factors.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

At April 24, 2007, the Corporation had outstanding 81,525,886 Class A shares, 43,890,984 Class B shares and options to purchase 1,340,800 Class A shares.

BUSINESS RISKS

Environmental Matters

The Government of Canada is proposing to regulate greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions under a new act, the Clean Air Act. The Corporation is unable to determine what impact the Clean Air Act may have on its operations, as the government has not provided industry with details.

In March 2007, the Government of Alberta introduced legislation (Bill 3, Climate Change and Emissions Management Amendment Act and the Specified Gas Emitters Regulation Amendment) that will require Alberta facilities that emit 100,000 tonnes or more of GHG to reduce facility emission intensities by 12% starting July 1, 2007. Units commissioned before January 1, 2000, or that have less than nine years of commercial operation are required to reduce their emission intensity by 2% per year starting in the fourth year of commercial operation to a maximum of 12% in the ninth year of commercial operation. While it is not certain, it is anticipated that the Corporation's coal-fired plant PPAs will allow the Corporation to recover most of the costs associated with the

implementation of Bill 3. The estimated cost to ATCO Power and Alberta Power (2000) is approximately \$1 million per year.

Alberta Environment implemented a mercury emission regulation in March 2006 for Alberta Power (2000)'s coal-fired generating plants. The regulation requires coal-fired plant operators to monitor mercury emissions and capture at least 70% of the mercury in the coal starting January 1, 2011. While it is not certain, it is anticipated that the PPAs will allow the Corporation to recover most of the costs associated with complying with the new regulation.

Regulated Operations

ATCO Electric, ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines are regulated primarily by the AEUB, which administers acts and regulations covering such matters as rates, financing, accounting, construction, operation and service area. The AEUB may approve interim rates or approve the recovery of costs, including capital and operating costs, on a placeholder basis, subject to final determination. These subsidiaries are subject to the normal risks faced by companies that are regulated. These risks include the approval by the AEUB of customer rates that permit a reasonable opportunity to recover on a timely basis the estimated costs of providing service, including a fair return on rate base. The Corporation's ability to recover the actual costs of providing service and to earn the approved rates of return depends on achieving the forecasts established in the rate-setting process.

Carbon Natural Gas Storage Facility

ATCO Gas leases the entire storage capacity of the Carbon natural gas storage facility to ATCO Midstream at AEUB approved placeholder rates. On February 5, 2007, the AEUB issued a decision to ATCO Gas that leaves in question these placeholder rates and the effect that these placeholder rates will have on future ATCO Gas revenues (refer to Regulatory Matters – ATCO Gas section).

Weather

Weather fluctuations have a significant impact on throughput in ATCO Gas. Since approximately 50% of ATCO Gas' delivery charge is recovered based on throughput, ATCO Gas' revenues and earnings are sensitive to weather. Weather that is 10% warmer or colder than normal temperatures impacts annual earnings by approximately \$10.0 million.

ATCO I-Tek Services

ATCO Electric, ATCO Gas and ATCO Pipelines purchase information technology services, and ATCO Electric and ATCO Gas also purchase customer care and billing services, from ATCO I-Tek. The recovery of these costs in customer rates is subject to AEUB approval. Since 2003, the costs have been approved on a placeholder basis, and are subject to final AEUB approval after completion of an ongoing collaborative benchmarking process.

Transfer of the Retail Energy Supply Businesses

On May 4, 2004, ATCO Gas and ATCO Electric transferred their retail energy supply businesses to Direct Energy Marketing Limited and one of its affiliates (collectively "DEML"), a subsidiary of Centrica plc.

Although ATCO Gas and ATCO Electric transferred to DEML certain retail functions, including the supply of natural gas and electricity to customers and billing and customer care functions, the legal obligations of ATCO Gas and ATCO Electric remain if DEML fails to perform. In certain events (including where DEML fails to supply natural gas and/or electricity and ATCO Gas and/or ATCO Electric are ordered by the AEUB to do so), the functions will revert to ATCO Gas and/or ATCO Electric with no refund of the transfer proceeds to DEML by ATCO Gas and/or ATCO Electric.

Centrica plc, DEML's parent, has provided a \$300 million guarantee, supported by a \$235 million letter of credit in respect of DEML's obligations to ATCO Gas, ATCO Electric and ATCO I-Tek Business Services in respect of the ongoing relationships contemplated under the transaction agreements. However, there can be no assurance that the coverage under these agreements will be adequate to cover all of the costs that could arise in the event of a reversion of such functions.

The Corporation has provided a guarantee of ATCO Gas', ATCO Electric's and ATCO I-Tek Business Services' payment and indemnity obligations to DEML contemplated under the transaction agreements.

Late Payment Penalties on Utility Bills

As a result of decisions of the Supreme Court of Canada in Garland vs. Consumers' Gas Co., the imposition of late payment penalties on utility bills has been called into question. The Corporation is unable to determine at this time the impact, if any, that these decisions will have on the Corporation.

Measurement Inaccuracies in Metering Facilities

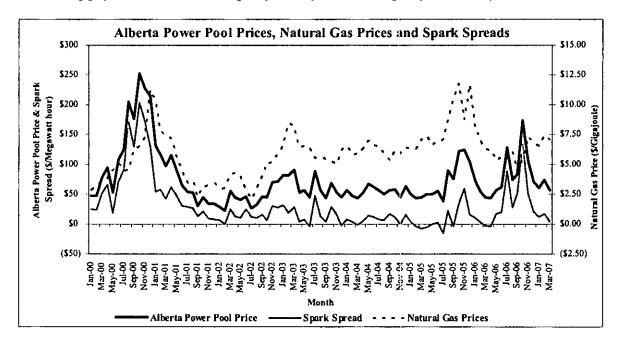
Measurement inaccuracies occur from time to time with respect to ATCO Electric's, ATCO Gas' and ATCO Pipelines' metering facilities. Measurement adjustments are settled between the parties based on the requirements of the Electricity and Gas Inspections Act (Canada) and applicable regulations issued pursuant thereto. There is a risk of disallowance of the recovery of a measurement adjustment if controls and timely follow up are found to be inadequate by the AEUB.

A recent AEUB decision applicable to ATCO Gas established a two year adjustment limitation period for inaccuracies in gas supply costs, including measurement inaccuracies in metering facilities. The AEUB stated that it will consider specific applications for adjustments beyond the two year limitation period.

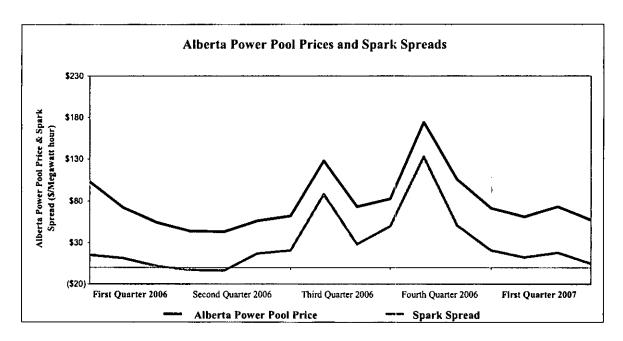
Non-Regulated Operations

ATCO Power

Alberta Power Pool electricity prices, natural gas prices and related spark spreads can be very volatile, as shown in the following graph, which illustrates a range of prices experienced during the period January 2000 to March 2007.



14 **CL**



Changes in Alberta Power Pool electricity prices, natural gas prices and related spark spreads may have a significant impact on the Corporation's earnings and cash flow from operations in the future. It is the Corporation's policy to continually monitor the status of its non-regulated electrical generating capacity that is not subject to long term commitments.

Since October 2004, the output from ATCO Power's Barking generating plant previously sold to TXU Europe (refer to TXU Europe Settlement section) has been sold into the U.K. power exchange market. In the U.K., electricity generators, on average, sell over 90% of their output to electricity suppliers in bilateral contracts, use power exchanges for approximately 7% of their output, and sell the remaining 2-3% via the Balancing Mechanism. Approximately 40% of the electricity generated is supplied from natural gas-fired generating plants, and in 2006 the market experienced an increase in electricity prices due to the increased world prices for natural gas. Since then, natural gas prices have softened with additional natural gas infrastructure coming on stream and the slightly lower oil prices. Nevertheless, the Barking generating plant has a long term, fixed price gas purchase agreement and, as a result, has been able to experience increased margins due to the high market prices for electricity. Changes in the U.K. market electricity prices may have an impact on the Corporation's earnings and cash flow from operations in the future.

ATCO Midstream

Timing, capacity and demand of ATCO Midstream's storage business as well as changes in market conditions may impact the Corporation's earnings and cash flow from storage operations (refer to Results of Operations – Consolidated Operations section).

ATCO Midstream extracts ethane and other natural gas liquids from natural gas streams at its extraction plants. These products are sold under either long term cost of service arrangements or market based arrangements. Changes in market conditions may impact the Corporation's earnings and cash flow from natural gas liquids extraction operations.

ATCO Frontec

ATCO Frontec's operations include providing support to military agencies in foreign locations which may be subject to political risk.

On December 23, 2005, the Government of Canada filed a claim in the amount of \$70 million which alleges that the Corporation is liable for the destruction of property owned by the Governments of Canada and the United States. The Corporation believes that the claim is defensible and, in any event, has sufficient insurance coverage in place to

cover any material amounts that might become payable as a result of the claim. Accordingly, the claim is not expected to have any material impact on the financial position of the Corporation.

A fuel spill occurred in January 2007 at the Brevoort Island, Northwest Territories radar site maintained by Nasittuq Corporation, a corporation jointly owned by ATCO Frontec and Pan Arctic Inuit Logistics Corporation. The Corporation believes that it has sufficient insurance coverage in place to cover any material amounts that might become payable as a result of the fuel spill. Accordingly, this spill is not expected to have any material impact on the financial position of the Corporation.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Corporation's consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. On an on-going basis, management reviews its estimates, particularly those related to depreciation and amortization methods, useful lives and impairment of long-lived assets, amortization of deferred availability incentives, asset retirement obligations and employee future benefits, using currently available information. Changes in facts and circumstances may result in revised estimates, and actual results could differ from those estimates. The Corporation's critical accounting estimates are discussed below

Deferred Availability Incentives

Alberta Power (2000) is subject to an incentive/penalty regime related to generating unit availability. As at March 31, 2007, the Corporation had recorded \$46.2 million of deferred availability incentives. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, the amortization of deferred availability incentives, which was recorded in revenues, amounted to \$2.9 million.

The amount to be amortized is dependent upon estimates of future generating unit availability and future electricity prices over the term of the PPA's. Each quarter, the Corporation uses these estimates to forecast high case, low case and most likely scenarios for the incentives to be received from, less penalties to be paid to, the PPA counterparties. These forecasts are added to the accumulated unamortized deferred availability incentives outstanding at the end of the quarter; the resulting total is divided by the remaining term of the PPA to arrive at the amortization for the quarter.

Compared to the most likely scenario recorded in revenues for the year to date, the high case scenario would have resulted in higher revenues of approximately \$1.1 million, whereas the low case scenario would have resulted in lower revenues of approximately \$1.1 million.

Employee Future Benefits

The expected long term rate of return on pension plan assets is determined at the beginning of the year on the basis of the long bond yield rate plus an equity and management premium that reflects the plan asset mix. Actual balanced fund performance over a longer period suggests that this premium is about 1.5%, which, when added to the long bond yield rate of 5.1% at the beginning of 2007, resulted in an expected long term rate of return of 6.6% for 2007. This methodology is supported by actuarial guidance on long term asset return assumptions for the Corporation's defined benefit pension plans, taking into account asset class returns, normal equity risk premiums, and asset diversification effect on portfolio returns.

Expected return on plan assets for the year is calculated by applying the expected long term rate of return to the market related value of plan assets, which is the average of the market value of plan assets at the end of the preceding three years. The expected long term rate of return has declined over the past five years, from 8.1% in 2001 to 6.1% in the year ended December 31, 2006; the rate for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was increased to 6.6%. The result has been a decrease in the expected return on plan assets and a corresponding increase in the cost of pension benefits. In addition, the actual return on plan assets over the same period has been lower than expected (i.e., an experience loss), which is also contributing to an increase in the cost of pension benefits as losses are amortized to earnings.

The liability discount rate that is used to calculate the cost of benefit obligations reflects market interest rates on high quality corporate bonds that match the timing and amount of expected benefit payments. The liability discount rate has also declined over the same period, from 6.9% at the end of 2001 to 5.1% at the end of 2006; the rate has remained at 5.1% in the three months ended March 31, 2007. The result has been an increase in benefit obligations (i.e., an experience loss), which is contributing to an increase in the cost of pension benefits as losses are amortized to earnings.

In accordance with the Corporation's accounting policy to amortize cumulative experience gains and losses in excess of 10 percent of the greater of the accrued benefit obligations or the market value of plan assets, the Corporation began amortizing a portion of the net cumulative experience losses on plan assets and accrued benefit obligations in 2003 for both pension benefit plans and other post employment benefit plans and continued this amortization during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

The assumed annual health care cost trend rate increases used in measuring the accumulated post employment benefit obligations in the three months ended March 31, 2007, are as follows: for drug costs, 7.8% starting in 2007 grading down over six years to 4.5%, and for other medical and dental costs, 4.0% for 2007 and thereafter. Combined with lower recent claims experience, the effect of these changes has been to decrease the costs of other post employment benefits.

The effect of changes in these estimates and assumptions is mitigated by an AEUB decision to record the costs of employee future benefits when paid rather than accrued. Therefore, a significant portion of the benefit plans expense or income is unrecognized by the regulated operations, excluding Alberta Power (2000).

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") recommendations pertaining to financial instruments, which establish standards for the recognition, measurement, disclosure and presentation of financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives. These recommendations require that fair value be used to measure financial assets that are held for trading or available for sale, financial liabilities that are held for trading and all derivative financial instruments. Other financial assets, such as loans and receivables and investments that are held to maturity, and other financial liabilities are measured at their carrying value. This change in accounting had the following effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007:

- (a) Recognition of interest rate swaps, foreign currency forward contracts and certain natural gas purchase contracts as derivative assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements (refer to Note 8 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007).
- (b) Recognition of the fair value of a power generation revenue contract liability associated with the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset (refer to Note 8 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007).
- (c) Recognition of a mark-to-market adjustment for the change in fair value of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset and recognition of an adjustment to the associated power generation revenue contract liability (refer to Note 5 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007)
- (d) Restatement of opening retained earnings at January 1, 2007 to recognize the prior years' earnings effect of the natural gas purchase contracts derivative asset and the associated power generation revenue contract liability, as well as the prior years' earnings effect of accounting for certain financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost using the effective interest method (refer to Note 4 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007).
- (e) Reclassification of deferred financing charges from other assets to long term debt and non-recourse long term debt (refer to Note 6 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007).

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations pertaining to hedges, which establish standards for the identification, designation, documentation and effectiveness of hedging relationships for the purpose of applying hedge accounting. The purpose of hedge accounting is to ensure that gains, losses, revenues and expenses from effective hedging relationships are recorded in earnings in the same period. This change in accounting had no effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations regarding the reporting and disclosure of comprehensive income. Comprehensive income consists of changes in the equity of the Corporation from sources other than the Corporation's share owners, and includes earnings of the Corporation, the foreign currency translation adjustment relating to self-sustaining foreign operations and unrealized gains and losses on changes in fair values of available-for-sale assets and effective cash flow hedging instruments. Other comprehensive income comprises revenues, expenses, gains and losses that are recognized in comprehensive income but are excluded from earnings of the period. Comprehensive income is disclosed in a separate statement in the consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation prospectively adopted the CICA recommendations regarding the presentation of equity and changes in equity. These recommendations require separate presentation of the components of equity, including retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income, contributed surplus, share capital and reserves, and the changes therein. As a result of this change in accounting, the Corporation has included a reconciliation of accumulated other comprehensive income in the notes to the consolidated financial statements (refer to Note 9 to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007). In accordance with the recommendations, comparative figures have been adjusted to incorporate the foreign currency translation adjustment into accumulated other comprehensive income.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted the CICA recommendations that prescribe the criteria for changing accounting policies, together with the accounting treatment and disclosure of changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and corrections of errors. Adoption of these recommendations had no effect on the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2007, except for the disclosure of accounting changes that have been issued by the CICA but have not yet been adopted by the Corporation because they are not effective until a future date (refer to Future Accounting Changes below).

Future Accounting Changes

The CICA has issued new accounting recommendations for capital disclosures which require disclosure of both qualitative and quantitative information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the Corporation's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital. These recommendations are effective for the Corporation beginning January 1, 2008.

The CICA has also issued new accounting recommendations for disclosure and presentation of financial instruments which require disclosures of both qualitative and quantitative information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the Corporation is exposed. These recommendations are effective for the Corporation beginning January 1, 2008.

April 25, 2007



